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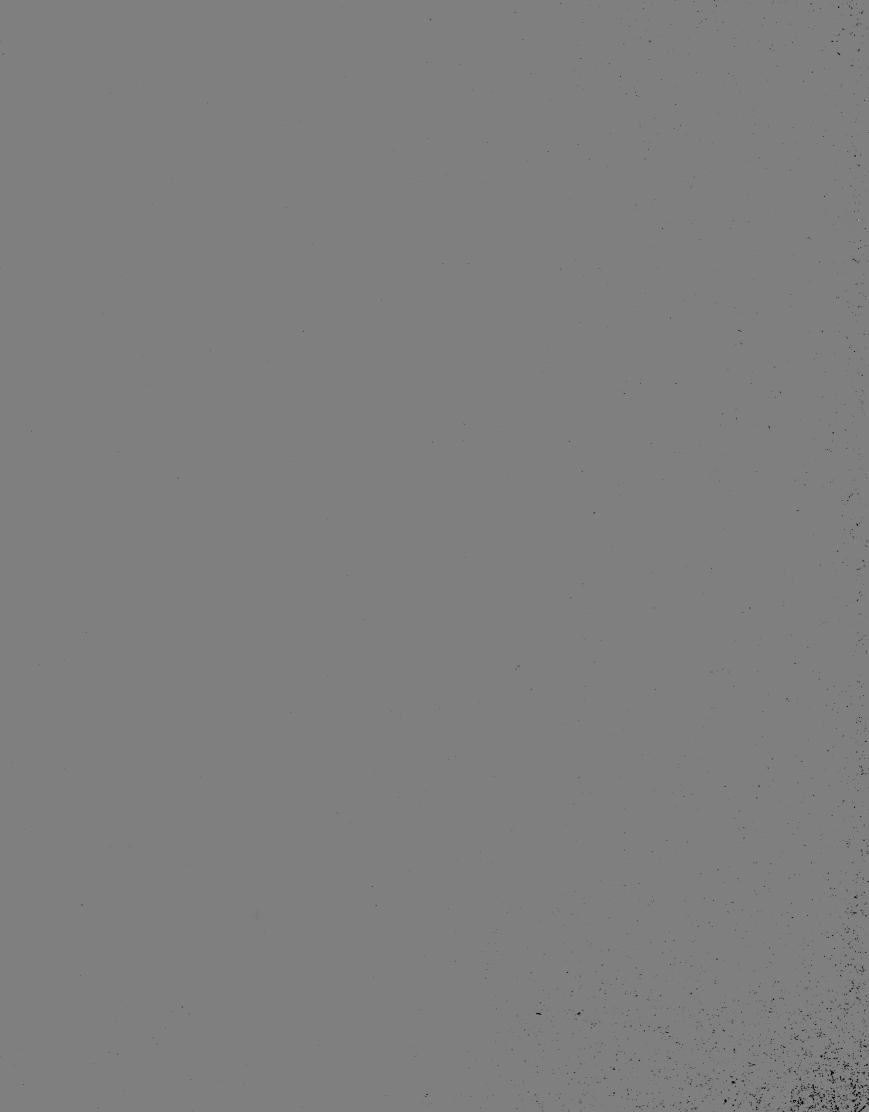


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ANDORRA HAND-BOOK

OF

TREES & SHRUBS



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ANDORRA HAND-BOOK

OF

TREES & SHRUBS



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INTRODUCTION

E DO NOT have to be scientists to recognize the value of trees to life. From the scientist we can (and ought to) learn of this vital relationship between the life-giving sun and chlorophyll—the substance which gives the green color to vegetation. We should know that on this relationship all life on this planet depends.

Most of us will store such facts away in the recesses of our minds and gratefully add them to our store of general knowledge and culture. We shall then go about our business of living, seldom thinking of trees as great engines in the tremendous laboratory of Nature, but rather as familiar and precious companions of our daily life, demanding little, giving much.

Without benefit of clergy or scientist, we discover for ourselves that trees are of the utmost importance to us; that they minister to our needs in a thousand material ways; that they spread their arms to protect and comfort us; and that they fill our world with an amazing beauty, ever changing, forever inspiring.

A force of such value to the race, a phase of our social economy so important, demands a special attention and study; calls for the creation of a group of men who, by their devotion to their subject, shall be able to speak with authority on it and bring together the great army of seekers and the things they seek. And so the business of studying trees, of growing and distributing them, has risen to the plane of a high and inspired calling. It has aroused the interest and furnished a career for some of our best minds. The late Charles S. Sargent, whose rich and cultured personality could have adorned almost any profession, chose this as his life work, and has left us a monument to his devotion in the Arnold Arboretum.

Is it not possible that such men as he, through the harmony of their own personal pleasure and absorption in the pursuit of their objectives, have heard a dim cry from far down the line such as is related by Mr. Donald Culross Peattie

EVERGREEN TREES

HOSE of us who pass most of our lives in the temperate regions of our land are fortunate in the fact that we can experience the influence and enjoy the beauty of Evergreen Trees. Wonderful are the mantles of beauty they spread out for us. There are the peculiar beauties of the Scrub Pine woods of New Jersey; of the stately groves of Hemlock on our eastern hills; of the magic depths of New Hampshire White Pine forests; of the marshaled ranks of Douglas Fir breasting the slopes of the Sierras to stem the attack of snow and ice and wind.

Our climate will permit the soft, exotic beauty of Japanese and Chinese species and many from the Old World whose stories are as old as recorded history.

We may not know their life histories, we may be ignorant of their economic values, but we do know that in our wide landscapes and in our intimate homelands they bring to us a great refreshment and a belief in the dependable solidity of the natural world.

ABIES . The Firs

We can always count on the Firs to maintain throughout their lives a decidedly pyramidal form. We can always count on their hardiness. The effect is of sturdiness and opulence.

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS	
A. concolor (White Fir)	100 ft.	Glaucous green	Soft	Long	Sun and good soil	Long, flat needles	
A. Nordmanniana (Nordmann Fir)	100 ft.	Very dark green	Moderately fine	Long	Sun and good soil	Very rich color	
A. Veitchi (Veitch Fir)	80 ft.	Light green	Moderately fine	Medium	Sun and good soil	Open grower	

CEDRUS . The True Cedar

Ancient species from northern Africa and Asia Minor, bringing to us the interest of old tradition. As they mature they lose the slightly pyramidal form which the young plants take and fling out their branches and assume all sorts of picturesque shapes. Their effect is one of cool richness.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. Atlantica (Atlas Cedar)	100 ft.	Dull green	Fine	Long	Sun and well- drained soil	Very hardy
C. Atlantica Glauca (Blue Atlas Cedar) .	100 ft.	Silvery	Fine	Long	Sun and well- drained soil	Very hardy
C. LIBANI (Cedar of Lebanon)	100 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Sun and well- drained soil	Very ancient species

CHAMAECYPARIS · The Japanese Cypress

These are really stately forest trees, and attain their real beauty only when considered and planted as such; of loosely pyramidal form with much grace of outline and variety of color and texture.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. obtusa (Hinoki Cypress)	80–100 ft.	Dark green	Crisp	Long	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Fine color
C. OBTUSA GRACILIS (Slender Hinoki Cypress)	80–100 ft.	Dark green	Crisp	Long	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Very graceful
C. obtusa nana (Dwarf Hinoki Cypress) .	12- 15 ft.	Dark green	Crisp	Long	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Rich and shadowy
C. pisifera (Sawara Retinospora)	80–100 ft.	Light green	Soft	Long	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Fine in old age
C. PISIFERA AUREA (Golden Sawara Retinospora)	80–100 ft.	Golden tipped	Soft	Long	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Feathery
C. filifera (Thread Retinospora)	50- 60 ft.	Dull green	Thread- like	Medium	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Thread-like foliage

For additional varieties of Chamacyparis, see page 9



Ilex opaca

CHAMAECYPARIS . The Japanese Cypress, continued

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. FILIFERA AUREA (Golden Thread Retinospora)	30- 40 ft.	Golden	Thread- like	Medium	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Thread-like foliage
C. PLUMOSA (Plume Retinospora)	80–100 ft.	Dull green	Soft	Long	Good soil, sun, partial shade	A real forest tree
C. PLUMOSA AUREA (Golden Plume Retinospora).	80–100 ft.	Golden tipped	Soft	Long	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Feathery
C. PLUMOSA ARGENTEA (Silver-tip Retinospora)	80–100 ft.	Silver tipped	Soft, fine	Medium	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Dense growth
C. squarrosa (Moss Retinospora)	50- 60 ft.	Silver- gray	Soft, fine	Medium	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Thick and soft
C. squarrosa nana (Dwarf Moss Retinospora)	10- 12 ft.	Gray	Soft, fine	Medium	Good soil, sun, partial shade	Dense foliage

CRYPTOMERIA · The Cryptomerias

Distinctly pyramidal, with a changing shadowy outline; full of the exotic mystery of the Far East. Because the Japanese were wont to line the long, ascending approaches to their temples with them, they are sometimes called the Temple Cedar.

C. Japonica dacrydioides (Temple Cedar) .

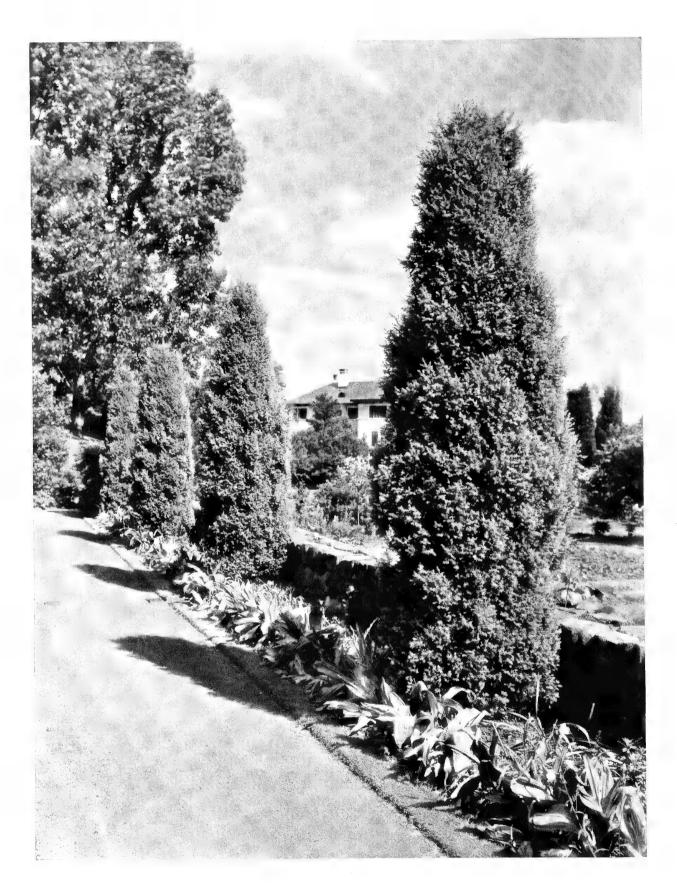
C. JAPONICA LOBBI (Lobb Cryptomeria). .

APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
100 ft.	Bronzy green	Fine	Long	Good soil,	Rather open growing
100 ft.	Bright green and bronze	Fine	Long	Good soil,	Wonderfully rich in effect

ILEX . The Hollies

There is something startling, something incredible about the sight of a full-grown Holly tree aglow with red berries. Our imaginations are stirred by this familiar species, not only because of its association with Christmas spirit and cheer, but by the wonder of its crisp, dominant, year-round personality.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
I. Aquifolium (English Holly)	30–40 ft.	Leaves dark green and silver, berries red	Crisp	Long	Good soil, partial shade	Very shiny leaves
I. OPACA (American Holly)	30–40 ft.	Leaves dull green, berries red	Crisp	Long	Good soil, partial shade	Responds to watering and care



Juniperus chinensis

JUNIPERUS - The Juniper

A widely varied group—from the conical spires of the Red-Cedar, lurking about our country hedgerows, to the trailing mass of the Prostrate Junipers blanketing the rocks of our upland pastures, they range. There are Juniper trees, Juniper bushes, and almost Juniper vines.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
J. CHINENSIS (Chinese Juniper)	40–60 ft.	Pale green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Pyramidal habit
J. CHINENSIS FŒMINA (Reeves Juniper)	40-60 ft.	Pale green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Pyramidal habit
J. CHINENSIS NEABORIENSIS (Conical Chinese Juniper)	10–12 ft.	Pale green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Pyramidal habit
J. CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA (Pfitzer Juniper) .	6- 8 ft.	Dull green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Spreading habit
J. CHINENSIS SARGENTI (Sargent Juniper) .	Spreading	Pale green	Fine	Short	Sun, well-drained good soils	Low, spreading
J. COMMUNIS DEPRESSA PLUMOSA (Prostrate Juniper)	Spreading	Dull green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Prostrate habit, purple color
J. COMMUNIS HIBERNICA (Irish Juniper)	5- 6 ft.	Deep green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Rigidly columnar
J. communis horizontalis Douglasi (Waukegan Juniper)	Trailing	Pale to dull green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Extremely prostrate
J. COMMUNIS SUECICA (Swedish Juniper)	15–20 ft.	Bluish green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Pyramidal
J. excelsa stricta (Spiny Greek Juniper) .	15-20 ft.	Glaucous green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Pyramidal, spiny
J. Japonica (Japanese Juniper)	Spreading	Pale green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Gracefully pyramidal
J. Sabina (Savin Juniper)	8-10 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Short	Sun, well-drained good soils	Loose and open
J. Sabina tamariscifolia (Tamarix Savin Juniper)	Spreading	Light green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Prostrate, silvery sheen
J. squamata Meyeri (Meyer Juniper)	Spreading	Bluish green	Fine	Medium	Sun, well-drained good soils	Prostrate
J. virginiana (Red-Cedar)	30–40 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Sun, well-drained good soils	Generally columnar
J. virginiana Cannarti (Cannart Red-Cedar)	30–40 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Sun, well-drained good soils	Compactly columnar
J. VIRGINIANA ELEGANTISSIMA (Goldtip Red-Cedar)	30–40 ft.	Dark green, gold tips	Fine	Long	Sun, well-drained good soils	Gracefully pyramidal
J. VIRGINIANA GLAUCA (Silver Red-Cedar) .	30-40 ft.	Bluish green	Fine	Long	Sun, well-drained good soils	Heavy foliage
J. VIRGINIANA PENDULA (Weeping Red-Cedar)	30-40 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Sun, well-drained good soils	Slightly weeping form
J. virginiana Schotti (Schott Red-Cedar) .	20–30 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Sun, well-drained good soils	Columnar, rich color



Pinus nigra

PICEA . The Spruces

The towering spires of the Spruces are familiar sights in our eastern American land-scape. Many a billowing cloud of canvas has been borne aloft on masts that were once lofty Spruces in the Maine woods. Carloads of Spruce tops roll into our cities at Christmastime to fulfil a joyful destiny. The character of these trees is just what the common name implies—spruce and neat and definite.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. CANADENSIS (White Spruce)	50- 60 ft.	Bluish green	Fine	Medium	Mod. sun, moist, good soil	Does best in cooler regions
P. Engelmanni (Engelmann Spruce)	80–100 ft.	Gray	Medium fine	Long	Mod. sun, moist, good soil	Graceful shapeliness
P. EXCELSA (Norway Spruce)	100–120 ft.	Dark green	Medium fine	Long	Mod. sun, moist, good soil	Pyramidal, open growth
P. ORIENTALIS (Oriental Spruce)	80–100 ft.	Dark green	Very fine	Long	Mod. sun, moist, good soil	Graceful dense pyramid
P. POLITA (Tigertail Spruce)	70- 80 ft.	Deep green	Stiff	Long	Mod. sun, moist, good soil	Strong sharp needles
P. Pungens (Colorado Spruce)	70- 80 ft.	Pale green	Medium stiff	Long	Mod. sun, moist, good soil	Shapely, vigorous
P. Pungens Glauca (Blue Colorado Spruce)	70- 80 ft.	Bluish green	Medium stiff	Long	Mod. sun, moist, good soil	Shapely, vigorous
P. Pungens Kosteri (Koster Blue Spruce).	70- 80 ft.	Silvery	Medium stiff	Long	Mod. sun, moist, good soil	Shapely, vigorous

PINUS - The Pines

The Pines would probably be voted the most useful, the most comforting, the best loved of all the Evergreen Trees. They fling the breath of health upon the air, they make music of the wind, and stand guard over our homesteads from generation to generation. The Pines maintain throughout their long lives their character of strength and beauty and freedom.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. Banksiana (Jack Pine)	40- 50 ft.	Bright green	Stiffly fine	Medium	Well-drained soil, sun	Short needles, open growth
P. CEMBRA (Swiss Stone Pine)	40- 50 ft.	Bright green	Medium soft	Long	Well-drained soil, sun	Narrowly conical
P. densiflora umbraculifera (Japanese Umbrella Pine)	10- 12 ft.	Bright green	Medium soft	Medium	Well-drained soil, sun	Flat tops, reddish stems
P. EXCELSA (Himalayan Pine)	100–120 ft.	Bluish green	Large scale, pliant	Long	Well-drained soil, sun	Extremely long needles
P. KORAIENSIS (Korean Pine)	60- 80 ft.	Bright green	Medium	Long	Well-drained soil, sun	Dense foliage, slow growth
P. Montana (Swiss Mountain Pine)	10- 12 ft.	Bright green	Medium crisp	Medium	Well-drained soil, sun	Low growing, ragged in outline
P. montana mughus (Mugho Pine)	6– 8 ft.	Bright green	Medium crisp	Medium	Well-drained soil, sun	Dwarf and dense

For additional varieties of Pinus, see page 15



Sciadopitys

PINUS . The Pines, continued

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. NIGRA (Austrian Pine)	60- 80 ft.	Dark green	Stiff, coarse	Long	Well-drained soil, sun	Large scale, conical
P. RESINOSA (Red Pine)	50- 60 ft.	Dark green	Flexible, coarse	Long	Well-drained soil, sun	Long needles, open growth
P. Strobus (White Pine)	80-100 ft.	Bluish green	Soft	Long	Well-drained soil, sun	Soft foliage, noble form
P. sylvestris (Scotch Pine)	50- 60 ft.	Pale green	Medium fine	Medium	Well-drained soil, sun	Open growth, red bark
P. Thunbergi (Japanese Black Pine)	80–100 ft.	Dark green	Medium soft	Long	Well-drained soil, sun	Assumes unusual forms

PSEUDOTSUGA · The Douglas Fir

From the rigorous regions of Northwest America, where it is still the No. 1 lumber tree of the country, the Douglas Fir has come east and taken an honored place in the very forefront of our desirable species. Its more or less pyramidal form has vigor, grace, and refinement; fullness and richness of growth.

P. Douglas Fir) 100-150 ft.

APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
100–150 ft	Dark green to bluish green	Soft	Long	Well-drained light soil,	Unexpectedly graceful

SCIADOPITYS · The Umbrella Pine

Like its fellow countryman, the cryptomeria, this lovely tree has all the arresting, exotic appeal to the imagination of most things Japanese. As in the case of the former, we are always surprised at its absolute hardiness. Anything so softly rich must surely belong to milder climates than ours! Its form is roughly pyramidal, never severely or uncomfortably so.

S. VERTICILLATA (Umbrella Pine)

APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
60–80 ft.	Deep green	Moderately large scale but soft	Long	Good soil with constant supply of moisture, sun	Broad leaf-like needles



Taxus cuspidata

TAXUS . The Yews

The Yews never disappoint us. Their sterling character persists through thick and thin. They will carry on under extremely adverse conditions and respond gratefully to attention and care. The variation in form and habit of growth is astonishing, and yet, be it the prostrate rosette of the spreading English Yew or the close-folded erectness of the Irish Yew, it is unmistakably Yew.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
T. BACCATA (English Yew)	30-40 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Broad and stately
T. BACCATA ADPRESSA (Short-leaved English Yew)	10–12 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Very short needles
T. BACCATA AUREA (Golden English Yew) .	20–25 ft.	Golden yellow	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Broad form
T. BACCATA CHESHUNTENSIS (Cheshunt Yew)	12-15 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Broad form
T. BACCATA ERECTA (Broom Yew)	8–10 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Bushy form
T. BACCATA ERECTA AUREA (Golden Broom Yew)	12-15 ft.	Golden	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Bushy form
T. BACCATA FASTIGIATA (Irish Yew)	10–12 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Slow-grow- ing, pyramidal
T. BACCATA REPANDENS (Spreading English Yew)	3- 4 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Low, spreading
T. BACCATA WASHINGTONI (Washington Yew)	10-12 ft.	Golden	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Bushy form
T. BREVIFOLIA (Pacific Yew)	20–25 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Small clustered needles
T. canadensis (Canadian Yew)	2- 3 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Low, open growth
T. cuspidata (Japanese Yew)	20-25 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Rapid- spreading growth
T. CUSPIDATA CAPITATA (Upright Japanese Yew)	20–25 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Loosely pyramidal
T. CUSPIDATA FASTIGIATA (Andorra Upright Yew)	15–20 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Dense upright growth
T. CUSPIDATA MEDIA HICKSI (Hicks Yew) .	10-12 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun or partial shade	Densely pyramidal



Hemlock Hedge

THUJA - The Arborvitaes

When we think of something "old-fashioned" we think of Arborvitæs; when we think of something uncompromisingly and narrowly pyramidal we think of Arborvitæs. They are sensitive to the changes in the seasons. In Spring they are brightly, freshly green; in

Winter, a bronzy brown.

winter, a profizy prown.						
whiteer, a prompy prown.	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
T. occidentalis (American Arborvitæ).	30-40 ft.	Bright green	Firm	Long	Moist loam,	Loosely pyramidal
T. occidentalis Douglasi (Douglas Arborvitæ)	30–40 ft.	Dark green	Crisp	Medium	Moist loam,	Crisp curling foliage
T. occidentalis globosa (American Globe Arborvitæ)	4- 5 ft.	Light green	Firm	Medium	Moist loam,	Dwarf rounded form
T. occidentalis Hoveyi (Hovey Arborvitæ). T. occidentalis Lutea	5- 6 ft.	Bright green	Firm	Medium	Moist loam,	Dwarf rounded form
(George Peabody Arborvitæ)	20–30 ft.	Bright yellow	Firm	Medium	Moist loam, sun	Densely pyramidal
T. occidentalis plicata (Moss Arborvitæ). T. occidentalis pyramidalis	20-30 ft.	Bronzy dark green	Solid	Medium	Moist loam,	Open growth
(American Pyramidal Arborvitæ) T. occidentalis Rosenthali	30–40 ft.	Bright green	Firm	Long	Moist loam,	Densely pyramidal
(Rosenthal Arborvitæ)	30-40 ft.	Bright green	Loose, sparkling	Long	Moist loam,	Open growth
T. occidentalis Vervæneana (Vervæne Arborvitæ)	30-40 ft.	Yellowish green	Mod. loose	Long	Moist loam,	Dense foliage
T. occidentalis Wareana (Ware Arborvitæ)	20–30 ft.	Bluish green	Firm	Long	Moist loam,	Dense and rugged
T. ORIENTALIS (Oriental Arborvitæ) T. ORIENTALIS AUREA CONSPICUA	15-20 ft.	Dark green	Soft	Medium	Moist loam,	Thread-like foliage, upright growth
(Goldspire Arborvitæ)	4- 5 ft.	Golden	Firm	Medium	Moist loam,	Dense and upright
T. ORIENTALIS AUREA NANA (Berckman Golden Arborvitæ)	3- 4 ft.	Golden	Firm	Medium	Moist loam,	Dwarf, conical
T. Standishi (Standish Arborvitæ)	15–20 ft.	Light green	Mod. loose	Medium	Moist loam, sun	Broadly columnar

TSUGA · The Hemlocks

This is the evergreen, par excellence, of grace and dignity. It is an unassuming aristocrat among its fellow species in northern woods and southern valleys. It is undaunted in its service to man, but serves him best perhaps as a thing of beauty about his habitations.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR	TEXTURE	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
T. canadensis (Canada Hemlock)	50–60 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun and partial shade	Softly graceful
T. CANADENSIS SARGENTI (Sargent Weeping Hemlock)	10–12 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun and partial shade	Flat, drooping habit
T. CAROLINIANA (Carolina Hemlock)	50–60 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun and partial shade	Dense rich foliage
T. diversifolia (Japanese Hemlock)	50-60 ft.	Dark green	Fine	Long	Good soil, moist, sun and partial shade	Crisp dense foliage



EVERGREEN SHRUBS

HE Evergreen Trees—the great Pines and Hemlocks, the Spruces and Firs—are, to us, like our houses. They furnish the walls, the roof, the chimneys to our visible world.

The Evergreen Shrubs in all their rich and sparkling beauty are like the pictures we have on our walls, the rugs we spread upon our floors. They furnish the bright and intimate accessories with which we love to surround ourselves.

We all find a peculiar, personal kind of pleasure in looking at a brilliant jewel. We like to handle it, watch the play of light upon its many facets, and try to fathom its subtilities of color. We should like to own it and keep it where we can look at it when we will.

It is the same sort of pleasure we experience with the Evergreen Shrubs. We like to have them near us near enough to see from our windows—in the garden, by the terrace, at the foot of the old gray wall, reflected in the mirror of the pool.

We are grateful to them for being so close to us in scale, and for holding the balance for us between the haughty aloofness of the conifers and the faithful ubiquity of the deciduous trees.



Azaleas

AZALEA . The Evergreen Azalea

These remarkable shrubs are bursting with energy throughout most of the year. This energy reaches its highest point of expression in early Spring when the plants fling on their mantles of sheer color—pink, purple, white, red. In this respect they are not surpassed by any other blooming plant.

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
A. AMOENA (Amoena Azalea)	5–6 ft.	Purple	May	Woodsy humus	Browns in winter
A. Hinodegiri (Hinodegiri Azalea)	3–4 ft.	Carmine-pink	May	Woodsy humus	
A. Hinomayo (Kurume Azalea)	3–4 ft.	Pink	May	Woodsy humus	
A. INDICA (India Azalea)	4–5 ft.	Pure white	May	Woodsy humus	
A. INDICA ROSEA (Sakidera Azalea)	4-5 ft.	Blush-pink	May	Woodsy humus	
A. Japonica (Japanese Azalea)	5–6 ft.	Red	April, May	Woodsy humus	
A. JAPONICA ALBA (Amethyst Azalea)	5-6 ft.	White	April, May	Woodsy humus	
A. ledifolia (Snow Azalea)	2-3 ft.	Snow-white	May	Woodsy humus	Fragrant
(Fuji-Moyo Azalea)	2-3 ft.	Deep lavender	May	Woodsy humus	
A. Yodogawa (Yodogawa Azalea)	3-4 ft.	Rosy lilac	May	Woodsy humus	

BERBERIS - The Evergreen Barberries

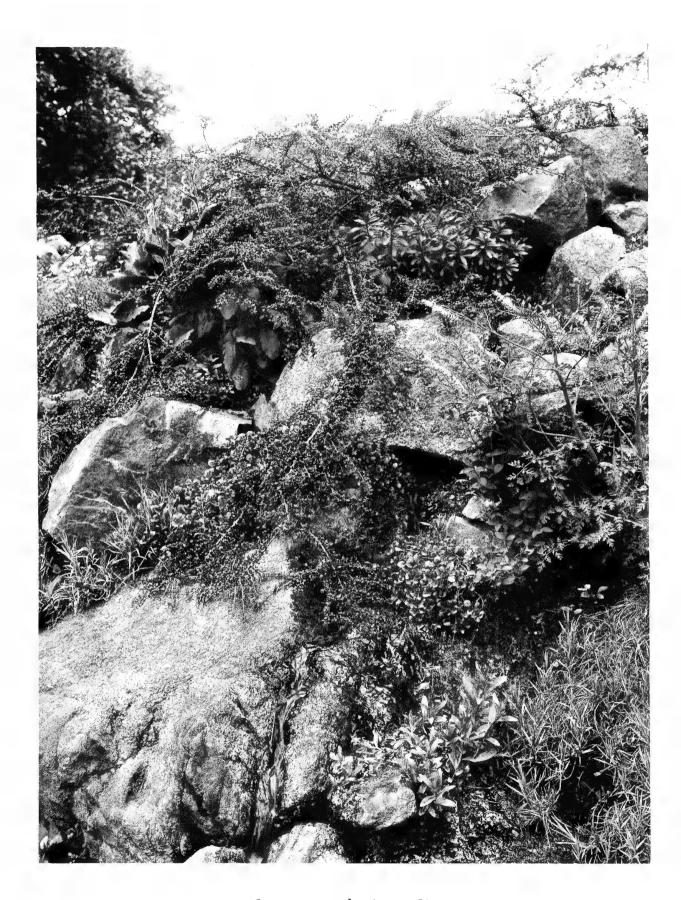
The shiny, prickly foliage, the subtle changes of color with the seasons, the irregularity of form are among the attractions of these little evergreen plants.

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
B. Julianæ (Wintergreen Barberry)	4–5 ft.	Yellow	April	Good loam	Bluish black fruit
B. VERRUCULOSA (Warty Barberry)	2–3 ft.	Yellow	April	Protected	Black fruit, fragrant

BUXUS · Box

No plant is better known or more deeply regarded than the Box. It is redolent of the best-loved periods of our past, and fills us with hope for the future by its patient persistence—its reminders of the permanence of beauty.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
B. Japonica (Japanese Box)	4–5 ft.	Inconspicuous		Rich loam	Open growth, pale green
B. SEMPERVIRENS (Common Box)	4-5 ft.	Inconspicuous		Rich loam	Dark green
B. SEMPERVIRENS ARGENTEA (Silver Box)	4–6 ft.	Inconspicuous		Rich loam	Foliage silver tipped
B. SEMPERVIRENS SUFFRUTICOSA (True Dwarf Box)	Dwarf, 2 ft.	Inconspicuous		Rich loam	English Box slow growth
	l				



Cotoneaster horizontalis

COTONEASTER . The Cotoneasters

Small, brilliantly colored leaves; abundant jewel-like fruits give a year-round sparkle to these lovely plants. Their growth is like the gentle flow of water over smooth stones.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS	
C. Francheti (Franchet Cotoneaster)	4- 5 ft.	Pink	June	Well-drained soil	Extreme grace of form	
C. HORIZONTALIS (Rock Cotoneaster)	6-12 in.	Pink	June	Well-drained soil	Creeping habit	
C. HORIZONTALIS PERPUSILLA						
(Dwarf Rock Cotoneaster)	6–12 in.		May, June	Well-drained soil	Trailing habit	
C. MICROPHYLLA (Rock-spray Cotoneaster).	2½ ft.	White	May	Well-drained soil	Scarlet fruit	

DAPHNE . The Garland Flower

Delicacy and fragrance endear the Daphne to us. It is shy and likes to stay close to the ground. It needs the care that shy and delicate things require.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
D. CNEORUM (Rose Daphne)	6-12 in.	Rose	April and September	Peaty, open soil	Unfailing fragrance

EUONYMUS • The Evergreen Euonymus

A full, spreading bush—a rich and lush green which stands sturdily against all but the severest frosts.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
E. Patens (Spreading Euonymus)	5–6 ft.	White	June, July	Well-drained good soil	Interesting fall berries of orange hue

ILEX · The Japanese Hollies

These green shrubs are unsurpassed in grace and what we think of as quality. In their display of the beauty of form and the vigor of forthright character, they never flag.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
I. CRENATA (Japanese Holly)	6- 7 ft.	White	June	Peaty soil	Possible winter injury
I. CRENATA BUXIFOLIA (Box-leaf Holly)	6- 7 ft.	Inconspicuous	June	Peaty soil	Small box-like foliage
I. CRENATA LATIFOLIA (Broad-leaf Holly) .	12-15 ft.	Inconspicuous	June	Peaty soil	Upright in growth
I. CRENATA MICROPHYLLA (Small-leaf Japanese Holly)	5– 6 ft.	Inconspicuous	May, June	Rich, well- drained	Graceful habit, rugged growth
I. CRENATA NUMMULARIA (Yatabe Ilex)	4- 5 ft.	Inconspicuous	June	Will grow under adverse cond.	Foliage small and sparkling
I. GLABRA (Inkberry)	5- 6 ft.	White	July	Moist, acid soil	Black fruit



Leucothoe Catesbaei

KALMIA . The Mountain-Laurel

The Mountain-Laurel is a purely American plant, and the one of which we are perhaps most proud. It has so lovely a bloom and so wide a distribution in our country that it probably has the strongest claim to be chosen as our national flower emblem.

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS	
K. Latifolia (Mountain-Laurel)	5–6 ft.	White and pink	May, June	Woodsy loam	Likes partial shade	

LEUCOTHOE · The Drooping Andromeda

The pendulous grace of its low branching, the purple, bronze and crimson glow of its Fall foliage, its love of the shaded, out-of-the-limelight places, endears this plant to us.

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
L. Catesbæi (Drooping Leucothoe)	2-3 ft.	White	April, May	Woodsy loam	Pendulous habit, semi-shade

LONICERA · The Evergreen Privet Honeysuckle

Here is a plant of very definite pattern, almost prostrate in habit, and of pale green color.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
L. PILEATA (Privet Honeysuckle)	Low, trailing	Small, white, inconspicuous		Good soil	Purple fruit in fall

MAHONIA · The Oregon Holly-Grape

Glossy, glittering, holly-like leaves, turning to bronze and crimson in Autumn, clothe this species with a special beauty all its own.

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
М. Aquifolium (Oregon Holly-Grape).	2-3 ft.	Yellow	April	Dry, sandy soil	Bronze fall foli- age, black fruit
M. Bealei (Leather-leaf Holly-Grape)	2-3 ft.	Yellow	April	Dry, sandy soil	Fragrant, dark blue fruit

PACHISTIMA · The Pachistima

A low, dark green, little plant of great charm, with needle-like foliage like a tiny bouquet of hemlock twigs.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. Canby (Canby Pachistima)	8-10 in.	White	April, May	Woodsy loam	Thrives in partial shade



Pieris floribunda

PACHYSANDRA . The Japanese Spurge

When we long for a green carpet on shady patches of ground where grass will not

grow, we always think of this brightly green little plant.

P. TERMINALIS (Japanese Pachysandra)	•	
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APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
6–10 in.	White inconspicuous	May	Rich soil	Ground-cover, dense, partial shade

PIERIS . The Andromedas

We can expect an almost continuous performance of interest and brilliance from these lively plants—handsome tassels of bloom followed by seed-pods almost as decorative—bright Summer greens and rich Fall color.

P. FLORIBUNDA (Mountain Andromeda)
P. JAPONICA (Japanese Andromeda)

APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
2-3 ft.	Creamy white	April, May	Woodsy loam	Partial shade
4-5 ft.	Creamy white	April, May	Woodsy loam	Partial shade

PYRACANTHA . The Firethorns

Surprising in its varied form of growth, astonishing in its cascade of vivid flame-colored fruit, this plant commands attention and arouses interest wherever it is planted.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. angustifolia (Narrow-leaf Firethorn) .	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Well drained	Scarlet-orange fruit
P. COCCINEA (Scarlet Firethorn)	8-10 ft.	White	May, June	Well drained	Orange berries
P. COCCINEA FRUTICO LUTEA (Yellow-fruited Firethorn)	8–10 ft.	Yellow	May, June	Well drained	Yellow fruit
P. KANSUENSIS (Chinese Firethorn)	8-10 ft.	White	May, June	Well drained	Orange fruit

RHODODENDRONS

This is the broad-leaved Evergreen which, without question, leads the plant world in brilliance and richness, and maintains its lead throughout the generations. Its permanent green foliage is the ideal of those who value growing things. Its season of astonishing bloom marks the high tide of our Spring.

THE NATIVES	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
R. CAROLINIANUM (Carolina Rhododendron)	6– 7 ft.	Pink	May	Woodsy loam	Shady
R. CATAWBIENSE (Catawba Rhododendron)	6- 8 ft.	Red and purple	May	Woodsy loam	Moisture
R. CATAWBIENSE ALBA (White Catawba Rhododendron) R. MAXIMUM (Rosebay Rhododendron)	6– 8 ft. 8–10 ft.	White Blush	May, June June, July	Woodsy loam Woodsy loam	Moisture Moisture
R. MAXIMUM ROSEUM (Pink Rosebay Rhododendron)	8–10 ft.	Pink	July,August	Woodsy loam	Moisture
THE DWARF					
R. MYRTIFOLIUM (Myrtle-leaf Rhododendron) R. PUNCTATUM (Piedmont Rhododendron) R. WILSONI (Wilson Rhododendron)	3- 4 ft. 4- 5 ft. 2- 3 ft.	Pink Pink Pink	June June June	Woodsy loam Woodsy loam Woodsy loam	Compact Open growth Pale green
Te. Williams					foliage

For Hybrid Rhododendron, see page 31



Rhododendrons

RHODODENDRONS, THE HYBRIDS	COLOR OF BLOOM
R., Abraham Lincoln	Rosy crimson
R. Album elegans	Blush-white
R. ALBUM GRANDIFLORUM	Blush-white
R., Amphion	Rose-pink
R. atrosanguineum	Dark scarlet
R., Blandianum	Watermelon-red
R., Boule de Neige	Dwarf, white
R. CANDIDISSIMUM	White
R., Caractacus	Purple-crimson
R., Charles Bagley	Bright red
R. delicatissimum	White
R. Everestianum	Lavender
R., General Grant	Red
R., Ignatius Sargent	Deep pink
R., Kettledrum	Deep red
R., Lady Armstrong	Pale rose
R., Mrs. C. S. Sargent	Pink, dwarf
R., Mrs. Harry Ingersoll	Deep rose-lilac
R., Old Port	Plum
R., Parsons' Gloriosum	Orchid-blush
R., Parsons' Grandiflorum	Deep pink
R. purpureum elegans	Purple
R. roseum elegans	True pink
R. roseum superbum	Clear soft coral-rose
R., Sefton	Dark maroon
R., Stella	Delicate lilac-rose

VIBURNUM · The Evergreen Viburnum

A Viburnum with rhododendron-shaped leaves, which persist in a state of green until pushed off by the new buds of Spring.

V. rhytidophyllum	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
(Leather-leaf Viburnum)	8–10 ft.	White	May	Well drained	Partial shade

VINCA · The Periwinkles

This bright, trailing little plant has covered the ground in our gardens and woodlands for generations. Its unfailing green and its delicate blue or white flower cups will still be loved by future generations.

be to ted by Tutule generalizations.	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
V. MINOR (Common Periwinkle)	Trailing	Blue	May	Good Ioam	Shade
V. MINOR ALBA (White-flowered Periwinkle)	Trailing	White	May	Good loam	Shade

YUCCA · Adam's Needle

This is very exotic in character, with sword-like foliage and astonishing spikes of bloom.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
Y. FILAMENTOSA (Common Yucca)	1–2 ft.	White	July, August	Well-drained soil	Sunny



The Oaks

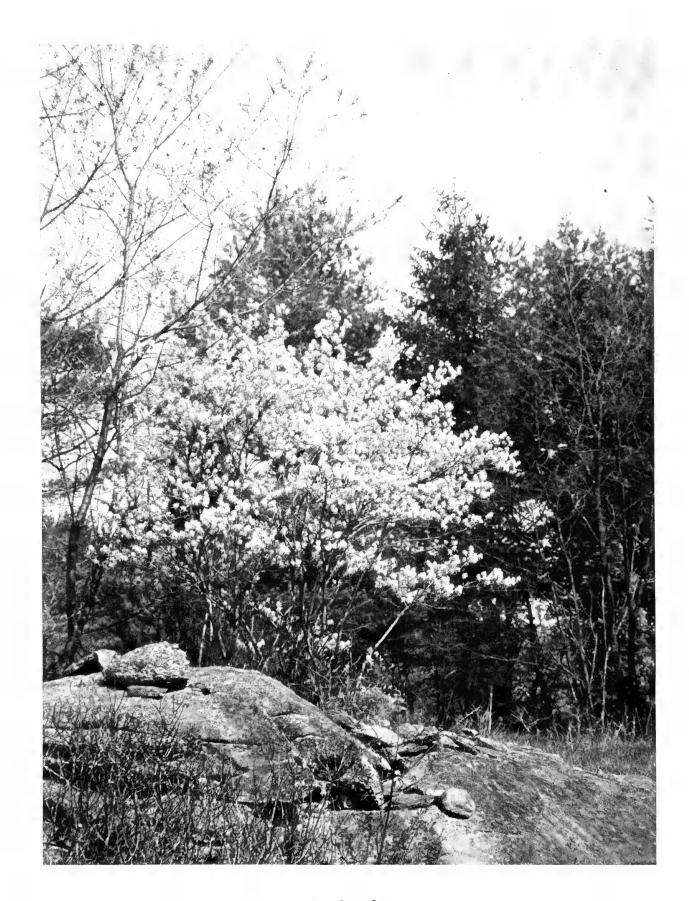
DECIDUOUS TREES

When we notice a new orange glow on the bristly, bare tops of the Willow trees at the foot of the meadow. A glow within us responds, for we know that the pageant of the trees is about to begin. Soon the Silver Maples will shake out a powdery film of blossoms of creamy brown; the Red Maples will paint the scene with crimson splashes; delicate green mists will steal through the woodlands; the Oaks will turn this mist to a soft pink—the tiny sharp points of emerging leaves. Then, almost in a day, the Maple leaves burst out full grown. The Dogwoods shine in ermine robes, the Apple trees and Hawthorns turn pink and white, and the wind makes a new soft music in the Beeches.

Then come the long, bright days when the cattle seek the shade of the pasture Oaks, and men turn to the woods for refreshment. The world is green with trees.

Ere we weary of this abundant greenness, faint colors begin to flow back across the landscape. The Gums wave red banners, and soon all the rest are falling into line and a conflagration of yellow, red and orange flame is sweeping the land. The embers glow to extinction and the landscape lies before us like a great tapestry done in bronze and gold tones.

Finally the last spark goes out, save under the Beeches and Oaks where the brightness lasts until the snow comes to cover it. Then once more the trees stand bare, revealing the beauty of form, the hidden magic life of bark and twig and bud. And we know it will be so for the generations to come—the pageant of the trees.



Amelanchier

ACER . The Maples

This genus is found over most of the temperate portions of the globe. It is one of the most useful and beautiful of them all, in a straightforward, sturdy way—a typical example

of the "spreading" shade tree.

of the state of th						
	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
A. dasycarpum (Silver Maple)	80–100 ft.	Creamy brown	February, March	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Fast-grow- ing soft wood
A. dasycarpum Wieri (Wier Maple)	80-100 ft.	Greenish yellow	March	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Deeply cut leaves, pendulous
A. Ginnala (Amur Maple)	15- 20 ft.	Yellowish white	May	Medium	Good loam	Brilliant fall color
A. Negundo (Box-Elder)	30- 40 ft.	Yellowish green	March	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Varied forms of growth
A. PALMATUM (Japanese Maple)	15- 20 ft.	Purple	June	Medium	Rich soil	Foliage green, brilliant fall color
Japanese Maple)	8- 10 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Rich soil	Blood-red foliage
A. PALMATUM ATROPURPUREUM DISSECTUM (Red Thread-leaf Maple)	8- 10 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Rich soil	Deeply cut blood-red foliage
Maple)	8- 10 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Rich soil	Green foliage, deeply cut
A. PLATANOIDES (Norway Maple)	40- 50 ft.	Yellow	April, May	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Round form, dense shade
A. platanoides Schwedleri (Schwedler Maple)	30- 40 ft.	Reddish purple	April, May	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Round form, reddish bronze foliage
A. Rubrum (Red Maple)	40- 50 ft.	Red	March, April	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Brilliant fall color
A. saccharum (Sugar Maple)	50- 60 ft.	Red	April	Long	Good, well- drained soil	Brilliant fall color

AESCULUS . The Horse-Chestnuts

Stately trees, the Horse-Chestnuts, at time of bloom, alight with upstanding candelabra of blossoms distributed in an almost definite pattern over the towering mound of

foliage.

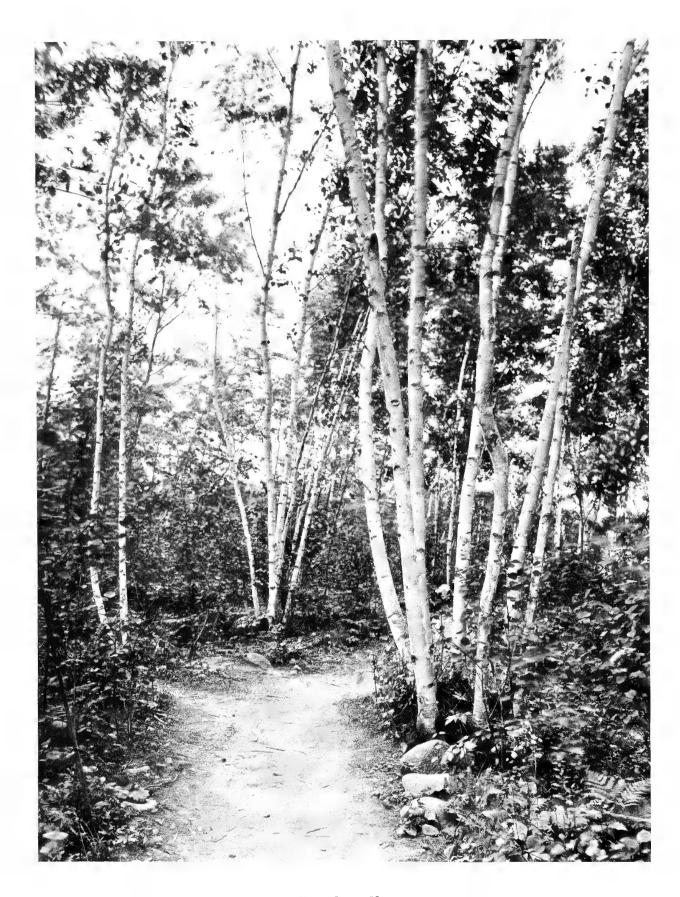
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	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS	
A. CARNEA (Red Horse-Chestnut)	30–40 ft.	Red	May, June	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Large sticky bud	
A. Glabra (Ohio Buckeye)	25-30 ft.	Greenish white	May	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Brilliant fall foliage	
A. Hippocastanum (Horse-Chestnut)	60-75 ft.	White	May, June	Fairly long	Deep, good soil	Fine shade tree	
A. HIPPOCASTANUM ALBA-PLENA (Double White Horse-Chestnut)	40-50 ft.	White	May, June	Medium	Moisture, good soil	Rich, double flowers	

AMELANCHIER . The Shadblow

This is the first of our native trees to bloom. A white mist winds in and out of the woodland's edge in early Spring at the time the shad run up the rivers. The Shadbush is

in bloom. The Spring is here.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
A. Lævis (Alleghany Shadblow)	18-20 ft.	White	April, May	Medium	Woodsy loam	Fruit attracts birds



Betula alba

AMYGDALUS . The Flowering Peaches

These are brilliant blooming trees. The naked branches are completely covered with

bright-colored, double flowers.

A. D.	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
A. Persica alba plena						
(Double White Peach)	15-20 ft.	White	April, Mav	Short	Good loam	Brilliant double bloom
A. Persica rosea plena						
(Double Pink Peach)	15-20 ft.	Pink	April, Mav	Short	Good loam	Brilliant double bloom
A. Persica sanguinea plena			21227			dodpie prooni
(Double Red Peach)	15–20 ft.	Red	April, May	Short	Good loam	Brilliant double bloom

ARALIA . The Angelica Trees

The word which best describes the effect of these trees, both for foliage and flower, is "feathery." The compound leaves give an almost tropical effect.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
A. JAPONICA (Japanese Angelica Tree)	20-30 ft.	Whitish	August, September	Short	Dry, average soil	Subtropical effect of foliage
A. spinosa (Hercules Club)	20-30 ft.	Whitish	August	Short	Dry, average soil	Subtropical effect of foliage

BETULA . The Birches

Cheerfulness and grace are the characteristics for which we love the Birches. They

brighten any landscape.

28,p.	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
B. Alba (European White Birch)	40–50 ft.	Yellow	April	Short	Porous, sandy	White bark
B. Alba Laciniata (Cut-leaf White Birch) .	20-30 ft.	Yellow	April	Short	Porous, sandy	Cut-leaf, weeping, graceful
B. Lutea (Yellow Birch)	40–50 ft.	Yellow	April	Short	Damp, good soil	Golden bark
B. NIGRA (River Birch)	50-60 ft.	Yellow	April	Medium	Damp, rich soil	Orange shaggy bark
B. papyrifera (Canoe Birch)	40–50 ft.	Yellow	April	Short	Moisture, good soil	Gleaming white paper bark

CARPINUS · The Hornbeams

The Hornbeams resemble the beeches in character and texture of leaf. While they do not attain the stately proportions of the former, they are sturdy and attractive and love

the woodland edges.

	MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. Betulus (European Hornbeam)	30-40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Good soil	Holds leaves late into Winter
C. caroliniana (American Hornbeam)	30–40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Good soil	Good Fall color, pendulous



Japanese Flowering Cherry

CATALPA . The Catalpas

There are three characteristics which make these trees extremely interesting—the large scale of the foliage, the conspicuous, patterned bloom, and the irregular form which

the tree takes at maturity.

C.	BIGNONIOIDES	(Common	Catalpa)
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C. BIGNONIOIDES NANA (Umbrella Catalpa)

C. speciosa (Western Catalpa)

APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
20-40 ft.	White, spotted	June, July	Short	Average soil	Long seed- pods
8–10 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Average soil	Extremely weeping head
20-30 ft.	White, spotted, incon- spicuous	June	Short	Average	Long seed- pods

Fast-growing,

urban condi-

CEDRELA . The Cedrela Tree

The compound foliage of the Cedrela and its lush growth make a distinctly sub-

tropical effect.

•	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH
C. sinensis (Chinese Cedrela)	30–40 ft.	White	June	Medium	Good, well- drained soil

CELTIS . The Hackberries

This native tree has elm-like leaves and a knobby gray bark of great interest. In Winter it is conspicuous along our hedgerows because of the "witches brooms" formed

at the end of the twigs.

0	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. occidentalis (Hackberry)	40-50 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Well-drained average soil	Fruit interest- ing to birds

CERASUS • The Flowering Cherries

Cherry blossoms mean early Spring to all the world. They cover the dark branches like a new mantle, and call us out of our hibernation upon pilgrimages to the places where they grow. The Japanese, especially, have loved them and have developed wonderful strains which they have sent out to be enjoyed by all lands.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. AVIUM ALBA PLENA					6 1 11	Pure white
(Double White-flowering Cherry)	20–30 ft.	White	April	Short	Good, well- drained soil	flowers, black twigs
C. Sieboldi (Siebold Cherry)	20-25 ft.	Pink	May	Short	Good, well- drained soil	Delicate color
C. SUBHIRTELLA ROSEA PENDULA (Pink Weeping Cherry)	25-30 ft.	Pink	April	Medium	Rich soil	Beautiful pendulous form
JAPANESE CHERRIES						
C., Amanogawa		Pink	April, May			
С., Gуоіко		Pale yellow	April, May			
C., Kwanzan		Pink	May			
C., Naden		Pink	May			
C., Shirofugen		White	April, May			



Cornus florida

CERCIDIPHYLLUM . The Katsura-Tree

Here is a tree of pyramidal habit whose small heart-shaped leaves give a crisp sparkle to the whole—and turn, in the Fall, to lovely pastel shades of apricot and yellow.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS	
C. JAPONICUM (Katsura-Tree)	30–40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Rich soil	Pastel Fall foliage	

CERCIS . The Redbuds

The rosy glow along the edge of the woodland in early Spring turns out to be the Redbud. Its rosy purple flowers cling along the naked stems until the round leaves come to take their place.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. CANADENSIS (American Redbud)	15–20 ft.	Rosy purple	April, May	Medium	Woodsy loam	Early blooming
C. CHINENSIS (Chinese Redbud)	12–15 ft.	Rich pink	May	Medium	Woodsy loam	Low-grow- ing, spread- ing habit

CLADRASTIS . The Yellow-Woods

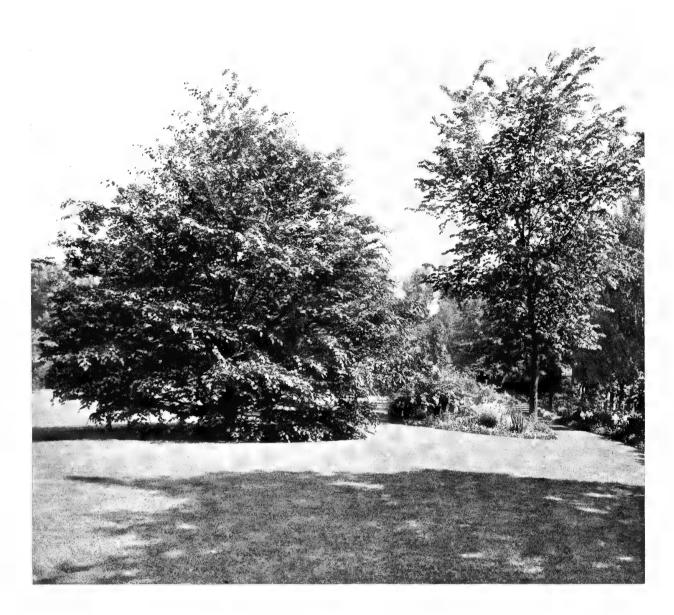
Here is a tree with many sterling qualities. It has a graceful, spreading head of smooth, bright green leaves, flowers of subtle fragrance, and an Autumn aspect of pale gold.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. LUTEA (Yellow-Wood)	30–40 ft.	Creamy white	June	Medium	Woodsy loam	Fragrant, pendulous

CORNUS · The Dogwoods

Americans should feel a lively pride whenever they think of or see a Dogwood, for it is a tree of purely American origin. It is clothed in beauty at all seasons of the year. It is difficult not to believe in miracles when we see it in full bloom in the Spring, and again in the Fall when we watch the color creep through its foliage to the final rich red.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. FLORIDA (White Dogwood)	20–25 ft.	White	May	Medium	Good, well- drained soil	Brilliant foli- age in Fall, red berries attract birds
(Double White Dogwood)	20–25 ft.	White	May, June	Medium	Good, well- drained soil	Camellia-like double bloom
C. florida pendula (Weeping Dogwood)	12-15 ft.	White	May	Medium	Good, well- drained soil	Extremely pendulous
C. florida rubra (Pink Dogwood)	12–15 ft.	Rosy pink	May	Medium	Good, well- drained soil	Conspicuous pink tree
C. Kousa (Japanese Dogwood)	15-20 ft.	White	June, July	Medium	Good, well-drained soil	Bloom appears on upper surface of twigs



Fagus sylvatica purpurea

CRATAEGUS . The Hawthorns

This species is remarkable not only for the bright haws or fruits which give it its common name, but for its lively foliage and vigorous form. Many of the group make excellent hedges—not only amenable to shearing into tight green walls, but impenetrable, because of the thorns.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
C. Carriere (Carriere Hawthorn)	15-20 ft.	White	May	Medium	Rich loam	Brilliant orange fruit
C. coccinea (Thicket Hawthorn)	20-25 ft.	White	April, May	Medium	Rich loam	Large scarlet fruit
C. cordata (Washington Thorn)	20–25 ft.	White	May	Medium	Rich loam	Abundant scarlet fruit
C. Crus-galli (Cockspur Thorn)	20-30 ft.	White	May	Medium	Rich loam	Red fruit, at- tractive to birds
C. flava (Yellow-fruited Thorn)	15–20 ft.	White	April, May	Medium	Rich loam	Orange-brown fruit, spread- ing habit
C. Mollis (Downy Hawthorn)	15-20 ft.	White	May	Medium	Rich loam	Fruits early
C. Oxyacantha (English Hawthorn) C. Oxyacantha alba flore-pleno	15–20 ft.	Pink	May	Medium	Rich loam	Hawthorn of the English countryside
(Double White English Hawthorn) C. Oxyacantha rosea flore-pleno	12-15 ft.	White	May	Medium	Rich loam	Fragrant double flower
(Double Pink English Hawthorn)	12-15 ft.	Pink	May	Medium	Rich Ioam	Double flower
C. Oxyacantha Pauli (Double Scarlet Hawthorn)	12–15 ft.	Bright scarlet	May	Medium	Rich loam	Double scar- let flower
C. PUNCTATA (Dotted Hawthorn)	15–20 ft.	White	May	Medium	Rich loam	Dull red fruit

DAVIDIA . The Dove-Tree

This tree has all the loveliness with which our imaginations clothe rare things. While the foliage is fairly large, and the white flowers decidedly so, the general effect of the tree is one of frail beauty. It bears the name of its missionary discoverer, Armand David, who found it in western China in the eighteen sixties.

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
D. Involucrata (Dove-Tree)	40–50 ft.	Cream- white	May	Medium	Rich loam	A rare tree from China, of great beauty

DIOSPYROS · The Persimmon Tree

The Persimmon is much more than a source of a toothsome, edible fruit. It is fine, glossy-foliaged, with a great deal of grace in its habit of growth.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
D. VIRGINIANA (Common Persimmon)	30-40 ft.	White	May	Medium	Well-drained rich soil	Orange edible fruit when mature, after frost



Fraxinus - White Ash

FAGUS . The Beeches

It is probably the secret desire of every tree lover to own a Beech wood some day. At all seasons the Beeches are beautiful. In Spring the long brown buds shake out a veil of tender green. In Summer the tree filters the bright sunlight to a cool green twilight. In Winter they carpet the ground beneath their silver trunks with orange and gold.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
F. AMERICANA (American Beech)	80–100 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Well-drained soil	Gray bark, orange Fall foliage
F. SYLVATICA (European Beech)	60- 80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Well-drained soil	Slow-grow- ing
F. Sylvatica asplenifolia (Fernleaf Beech)	40- 60 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Well-drained soil	Lacy-leaved foliage
F. SYLVATICA PENDULA (Weeping Beech) .	40- 50 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Well-drained soil	Extremely pendulous, branching
F. sylvatica purpurea (Purple Beech)	50- 60 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Well-drained soil	Green to cop- per foliage
F. SYLVATICA RIVERSI (River's Beech)	50- 60 ft.	Incon- spicuous	_	Long	Well-drained soil	True purple foliage

FRAXINUS . The Ash Tree

Stateliness and strength, richness and variety of Autumn color are among the sterling

qualities of the Ash trees.

1	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
F. Americana (White Ash)	70– 80 ft.	Red	March	Long	Good soil	Beautiful va- ried Autumn foliage
F. excelsion (European Ash)	80–100 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Good soil	Lively com- pound foliage
F. LANCEOLATA (Green Ash)	50– 60 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Moist, good soil	Greenest of the Ash trees

GINKGO · The Maidenhair Tree

The Ginkgo is unique, being the sole member in the world today of a once more numerous tribe. It carries on its lovely existence, however, with great vigor and independence. In form it varies from tightly pyramidal to wide-spread irregularity. It is always of a fresh green, and in Autumn, a cloud of gold.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
G. BILOBA (Maidenhair Tree)	60-80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Well-drained rich soil	Impervious to insect pests

GLEDITSIA . The Honey Locust

This is a truly lovely tree. Its towering, spreading canopy of lace-like foliage is the

epitome of light and airy grace.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
G. TRIACANTHOS (Common Honey Locust)	70–80 ft.	White	June	Long	Rich soil	Lacy, grace- ful foliage
G. TRIACANTHOS INERMIS (Thornless Honey Locust)	70–80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Rich soil	Partially thornless



Ginkgo biloba

GORDONIA . The Franklin Tree

Romance lurks in the slender branches of this lovely tree. Look up its story, which is just too long to be told here. It was all but lost, but was saved for us by the devotion of a few men who have known the love of trees. It is one of the few rare species which

bloom in Autumn.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
G. Alatamaha (Franklin Tree)	20–30 ft.	Creamy white	September, October	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Rare Autumn- flowering tree

GYMNOCLADUS · The Kentucky Coffee-Tree

This tree has two distinct phases. Its framework—the Winter aspect—is vigorous of growth, almost stark in appearance because of its absence of small twigs. In Summer, however, it covers its nakedness with a garment of beautiful feathery foliage, and in Autumn is hung with conspicuous brown pods.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
G. dioica (Kentucky Coffee-Tree)	60–80 ft.	Greenish white	June	Medium	Rich soil	Lacy foliage, vigorous form

HALESIA · The Silver-Bell Tree

This spreading, rapid-growing tree could be called by no other common name. Each branch bears a row of beautiful white bells which, if they could ring, would undoubtedly fill the air with the music of little silver bells.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
H. TETRAPTERA (Great Silver-Bell)	20–25 ft.	White	May	Short	Rich soil, well drained	Remarkable small bell blooms

JUGLANS · The Walnut

The compound foliage, the stately proportions the tree attains, and the nuts that come in great abundance are the attraction of this tree.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
J. NIGRA (Black Walnut)	80–100 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Woodsy loam	Edible nuts

KOELREUTERIA · The Goldenrain-Tree

A midsummer-blooming tree is always refreshing. This one is a shower of gold in late June and early July. Its compound foliage gives a sparkle to this tree.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
K. PANICULATA (Goldenrain-Tree)	20-30 ft.	Yellow	June, July	Short	Rich soil	Graceful, compound foliage



Liriodendron

LABURNUM . The Golden-Chain

Imagine a pyramidal form with lacy foliage, hung with golden bunches of grapes or yellow wisteria-like flowers. That is the Laburnum.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
L. vulgare (Golden-Chain)	15-20 ft.	Yellow	May, June	Short	Good soil	Wisteria-like blooms

LARIX . The Larches

While the Larches are conifers, and have most of the characteristics of an evergreen, such as conical outline, bark, needles, etc., they drop their leaves each Fall and put out a new set each Spring. It is the tender fresh green of this Spring leafage which we especially enjoy in these trees

onjoy in these trees.	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
L. EUROPÆA (European Larch)	70–80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Moist, well- drained soil	Deciduous needles
L. LEPTOLEPIS (Japanese Larch)	50–60 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Moist, well- drained soil	Delicate Spring green

LIQUIDAMBAR . The Sweet Gum

This is a forthright tree in all its features. Its form is distinctly regular, approaching the pyramidal; its foliage is unmistakably star-shaped and as large as maple leaves; its bark is of a conspicuously patterned roughness; its Summer foliage splendidly green, and its Fall color is gorgeous.

2012 00101 10 801800001	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR CROWTH	REMARKS	
L. Styraciflua (Sweet Gum)	50-60 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Moist, rich soil	Remarkable Fall color	

LIRIODENDRON . The Tulip-Tree

Towering stateliness of growth, pale gold of its Autumn foliage against black branches

—for these we love the Tulip-Tree.	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
L. Tulipifera (Tulip-Tree)	100–120 ft.	Greenish yellow	June	Long	Moist, rich soil	Stately, straight trunks

MAGNOLIA · The Magnolias

For surprising, almost unbelievably gorgeous bloom, the Magnolias are easily the first among flowering trees. But this is not their sole merit. They have a fine, bright green foliage which stays until late in the season, they have a form of exceeding grace; and their trunks and limbs are a soft, silvery gray.

THE NATIVES	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
M. ACUMINATA (Cucumber-Tree)	70–80 ft.	Greenish yellow	May, June	Medium	Good, porous soil	Splendid vig- orous foliage
M. GLAUCA (Sweet Bay)	15-20 ft.	White	June, July	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Delicious fragrance
M. маскорнуцца (Bigleaf Magnolia)	30–40 ft.	Cream- white	May, June	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Extremely large leaves
M. TRIPETALA (Umbrella Magnolia)	30–40 ft.	White	May, June	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Tropical in effect



Magnolia Soulangeana

MAGNOLIA . The Magnolias, continued

THE ORIENTALS						
M. ALBA SUPERBA (Large Saucer Magnolia)	15-20 ft.	White	May	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Foliage of sterling character
M. Alexandrina (Alexander Magnolia) .	15–20 ft.	Deep purple	April, May	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Foliage of sterling character
M. CONSPICUA (Yulan)		White	April, May	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Fragrant
M. Koвus (Kobus Magnolia)	20–30 ft.	White	April, May	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Small leaves, regular form
M. Lennei (Lenne Magnolia)	15–20 ft.	Purple	April, May	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Large-sized blooms
M. purpurea (Lily Magnolia)	15–20 ft.	Purple	May, June	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Late bloomer
M. Soulangeana (Saucer Magnolia)	20–25 ft.	Pink	May	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Fragrant
M. STELLATA (Star Magnolia)	10–12 ft.	White	March, April	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Sweet-scented starry flowers

MALUS · The Flowering Crab-Apples

These trees mark the high tide of the Spring's blossoming. Their loveliness tinges the whole landscape. Men have been known to follow the progress of their blooming from the highlands of the South to the seacoast of Nova Scotia. Fortunate pilgrims! In Autumn they color the landscape once more, this time with their abundant fruits—

green, red, yellow and purple.

M. CORONARIA (Wild Sweet Crab) 15–20 ft. Blushpink May Short rich soil fragrance M. Eleyi (Eley Crab) 15–20 ft. Pink May Short rich soil fragrance Moist, rich soil red fruit M. FLORIBUNDA (Japanese Flowering Crab) M. FLORIBUNDA ATROSANGUINEA (Carmine Crab) 15–20 ft. Carmine May Short Moist, rich soil red fruit M. HOPPI (Hoppi Crab) 15–20 ft. Red May Short Moist, rich soil M. 15–20 ft. Red May Short rich soil M. 15–20 ft. Pink May Short Moist, rich soil M. 15–20 ft. Red May Short Moist, rich soil M. NIEDZWETZKYANA (Redvein Crab) 15–20 ft. Red May Short Moist, rich soil red fruit M. PARKMANI (Parkman Crab) 15–20 ft. Red May Short Moist, rich soil red fruit M. PARKMANI (Sargent Crab) 15–20 ft. Pink May Short Moist, rich soil Moist, rich soil Moist, rich soil M. SARGENTI (Sargent Crab) M. SCHEIDECKERI (Scheidecker Crab) 15–20 ft. Pink May Short Moist, rich soil Moist, rich	green, red, yellow and purple.	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
M. ELEYI (Eley Crab)	M. CORONARIA (Wild Sweet Crab)	15-20 ft.		May	Short		
M. FLORIBUNDA (Japanese Flowering Crab) M. FLORIBUNDA ATROSANGUINEA (Carmine Crab) M. HOPPI (Hoppi Crab) M. 15-20 ft. M. HOPPI (Hoppi Crab) M. 15-20 ft. M. IOENSIS PLENA (Bechtel Crab) M. NIEDZWETZKYANA (Redvein Crab) M. PARKMANI (Parkman Crab) M. SARGENTI (Sargent Crab) M. SCHEIDECKERI (Scheidecker Crab) M. SPECTABILIS (Chinese Flowering Crab) M. SPECTABILIS (Chinese Flowering Crab) M. SPECTABILIS (Chinese Flowering Crab) M. SPECTABILIS (Largest Pink May Short Pink Moist, rich soil Moist, Pink May Short Well-drained, good soil Well-drained Pink Well-drained Double	M. Eleyi (Eley Crab)	15-20 ft.	Pink	May	Short		
(Carmine Crab) (Carmine May Short rich soil Moist, rich soil Sport Short Pink May Short Pink May Short Pink Moist, rich soil Spower Red fruit Moist, rich soil Spower Pink May Short Pink May Short Pink Moist, rich soil		15–20 ft.		May	Short		of small
M. Hoppi (Hoppi Crab)		15-20 ft.	Carmine	May	Short		
M. IOENSIS PLENA (Bechtel Crab)	М. Норрі (Hoppi Crab)	15-20 ft.	Red	May	Short		Red fruit
M. NIEDZWETZKYANA (Redvein Crab)	M. Ioensis Plena (Bechtel Crab)	15-20 ft.	Pink	May	Short	, , ,	
M. PARKMANI (Parkman Crab)	M. Niedzwetzkyana (Redvein Crab)	15-20 ft.	Red	May	Short		
M. Scheidecker (Scheidecker Crab)	M. Parkmani (Parkman Crab)	15-20 ft.	Pink	May	Short	, ,	
M. SCHEIDECKERI (Scheidecker Crab)	M. Sargenti (Sargent Crab)	8–10 ft.		May	Short		Bush form
M. SPECTABILIS (Chinese Flowering Crab). 15-20 ft. Fink May Snort good soil yellow fruit M. SPECTABILIS ALBA PLENA Well-drained Double	M. Scheidecker (Scheidecker Crab)	15-20 ft.		May	Short		Yellow fruit
		15-20 ft.	Pink	May	Short		
		15–20 ft.	White	May	Short		

NYSSA . The Sour Gum

N. SYLVATICA

This tree is associated in our minds with the pastures, hedgerows and woodland edges of our countryside. It is magnificent in the Fall, and is the first tree to turn red with Autumn

color. Its form is sturdy and fine.

APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
 60–80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Moist, rich soil	Early crim- son Fall foliage



Oxydendrum arboreum

OXYDENDRUM - The Sorrel-Tree

Of our smaller native trees, this is one of the most beautiful. Its tassels of white flowers come in Summer against splendid shining foliage. They become yellow tassels of fruit against the glowing crimson of the Autumn leaves.

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
O. Arboreum (Sorrel-Tree)	25-30 ft.	White	July, August	Medium	Well-drained woodsy loam	Golden tas- sels against crimson foli- age in Autumn

PARROTIA . The Persian Ironwood

If it is surprising to find bloom on a tree in midwinter, this tree furnishes the surprise. Its foliage is excellent in Summer and brilliantly colored in the Fall. In its native country, which we once called Persia but is now named Iran, its tough twigs have many uses. They are twisted into cables for foot-bridges over mountain torrents.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. Persica (Persian Parrotia)	12–15 ft.	Crimson	January, February	Short	Well-drained soil	Brilliant Autumn foliage

PAULOWNIA · The Empress Tree

This tree is conspicuous in every way. Its leaves are large and exotic; its light purple flowers are large and abundant; its trunk and spreading branches are large and dominant. It originally came from China, but has escaped from cultivation, and only when the great panicles of flowers, in May, pick it out of the landscape, do we realize how wide

and general is this escape.	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. TOMENTOSA (Royal Paulownia)	40–60 ft.	Pale violet	May	Medium	Light, deep loam	Foliage of large scale

PHELLODENDRON · The Chinese Cork-Tree

Here is a small tree of great interest for its beautiful compound foliage, its deeply fissured corky bark, and its abundant black berries.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. Amurense (Amur Cork-Tree)	20-30 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Average soil	Interesting corky bark

PLANERA · The Japanese Water-Elm

This tree is much like the elm in foliage and habit of growth, but lacks its stately longevity. It is smooth-barked and spreading.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. Japonica (Water-Elm)	30-40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, good soil	Elm-like in habit and texture



Quercus palustris

PLATANUS . The Plane Trees

The Plane trees are closely associated with us and our activities. They thrive in our urban centers, in our parks, along our river banks. They like to be near us on our farms. We can hardly conceive of an old spring-house without a great Buttonwood shading and protecting it. We all know their mottled bark.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	IN GOOD CONDITION	FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. occidentalis (American Plane Tree)	80-100 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Moist, rich soil	Towering forest tree
P. orientalis (European Plane Tree)	70- 80 ft.	Incon-		Medium	Well-drained, average soil	Withstands urban con-

POPULUS · The Poplars

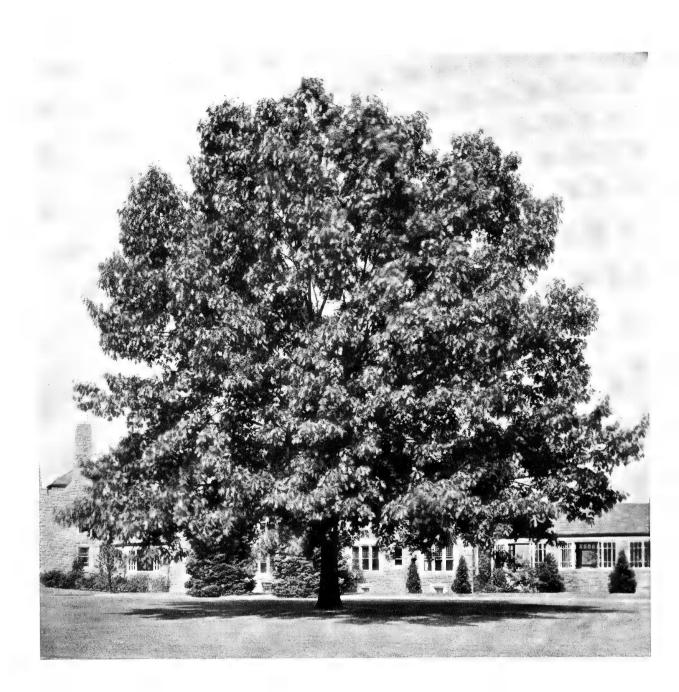
The Poplars are a lively and interesting group with characters all their own. Their rapidity of growth, their constant, sensitive movement, their flashes of silver upon green in the wind endear them to us.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. Bolleana (Bolleana Poplar)	30- 40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, average soil	Sharply pyramidal
P. CANDICANS (Balm-of-Gilead)	80–100 ft.	Cottony catkins	April	Medium	Moist, average soil	Cottony seed-pods
P. Maximowiczi (Japanese Poplar)	60– 80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, average soil	Dense foliage
P. NIGRA ITALICA (Lombardy Poplar)	40– 60 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, average soil	Rapid growth, py- ramidal habit
P. SUAVEOLENS (Mongolian Poplar)	30- 40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Dry, well- drained soil	Compara- tively slow growth
P. TREMULOIDES (Quaking Aspen)	60- 80 ft.	Cottony catkins	April	Short	Dry upland soil	Movement of leaves in lightest air

PTELEA . The Hop-Tree

This is a round but open headed little tree, and the clusters of pale green fruits, contrasting with the glossy dark green foliage, are very interesting.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
P. TRIFOLIATA (Common Hop-Tree)	 12–15 ft.	Greenish white	June	Medium	Porous, moist soil	Likes shaded positions



Quercus rubra

QUERCUS . The Oaks

In the world of trees, the Oaks stand for strength, permanence, and a noble kind of beauty. They live their lives in a patrician sort of aloofness, very suitable to the royal family. They serve, however, as such a family should serve—by being in all respects the example of what the perfect tree should be.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
Q. Alba (White Oak)	100–120 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Long	Moist, rich soil	Tree of great strength and long life
Q. BICOLOR (Swamp White Oak)	50- 60 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Long	Moist, rich soil	Does well in wet places
Q. Cerris (European Turkey Oak)	80–100 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Long	Good light soils	Dark green, finely cut foliage
Q. coccinea (Scarlet Oak)	60– 80 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Long	Gravelly soil	Brilliant Autumn color
Q. IMBRICARIA (Shingle Oak)	40- 60 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Long	Moist, rich soil	Slightly drooping branches
Q. macrocarpa (Mossy-Cup Oak)	60- 80 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Long	Rich soil	Stately, vigorous tree
Q. palustris (Pin Oak)	60– 80 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Medium	Rich soil	Rapid grower
Q. Phellos (Willow Oak)	40- 60 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Medium	Moist, clay soil	Willow-like leaves
Q. Rubra (Red Oak)	60- 80 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Rapid growth and fine Fall color
Q. VELUTINA (Black Oak)	60- 80 ft.	Greenish yellow catkins	Late Spring	Medium	Rich soil	Will stand dry soil

RHUS . The Sumacs

If you insist on thinking of these trees as weeds because they are natively so common, you miss a great deal of real beauty and charm. There is an exotic feeling about the compound foliage, and a wonder of reds and oranges in the Autumn. The crimson panicles of velvet-covered fruits are like those of no other tree.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
R. GLABRA (Smooth Sumac)	10–12 ft.	Green	July	Short	Average dry soil	Fine Fall color
R. TYPHINA (Staghorn Sumac)	15–20 ft.	Green	June, July	Short	Average dry soil	Fruit in red pyramids



Salix

SALIX . The Willows

The Willows bristle with "personality." They are the first to start activities in the Spring, and almost the last to admit that Summer is over. They hold their green till the last moment. What is lovelier than the swaying of the long vine-like branches of the Weeping Willow? What is more heartening than the orange and yellow flush on the Willow twigs as winter is about to leave the stage?

	APPROX, HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
S. Babylonica (Weeping Willow)	30-40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, rich soil	Long, pendu- lous, sway- ing branches
S. DISCOLOR (Pussy Willow)	15–20 ft.	Silver- gray	March	Short	Moist, rich soil	Bloom marks beginning of Spring
S. ELEGANTISSIMA (Thurlow Weeping Willow)	40–50 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, rich soil	Early yellow twigs
S. Pentandra (Laurel Willow)	20–30 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, rich soil	Shiny dark foliage

SOPHORA · The Japanese Pagoda-Tree

Here is a tree of light and lacy beauty. Its round head bursts into bloom in midsummer.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
S. Japonica (Chinese Scholar-Tree)	30–40 ft.	White	August	Short	Rich soil	Refreshing midsummer bloom

SORBUS · The Mountain-Ash

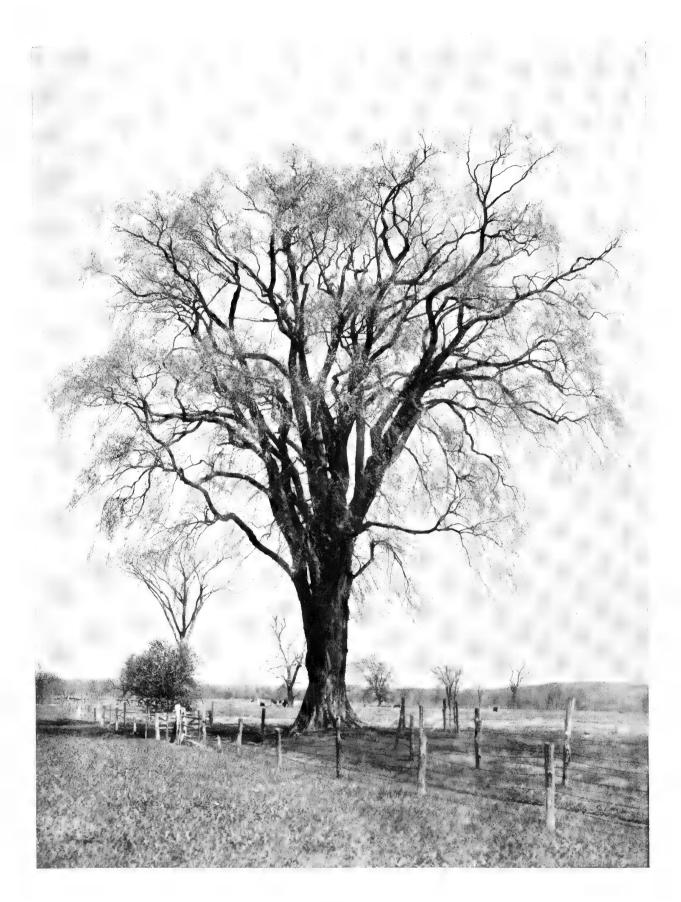
The heavy orange clusters of fruits in August and September make this feathery little tree conspicuous.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
S. Aucuparia (European Mountain-Ash) .	20-30 ft.	White	May	Short	Rich soil	Heavily fruited

STEWARTIA · The Japanese Stewartia

Beautiful, large white flowers in July, and a foliage which turns to deep shades of red and orange in the Fall are the characteristics which make this little tree attractive.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
S. Pseudo-Camellia (Japanese Stewartia) .	15–20 ft.	White	July	Short	Rich soil	Summer blooming



Ulmus americana

STYRAX . The Snowbell

Little pendent white bells hang and sway from the under side of each branch. The form of the branching is exceedingly graceful.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
S. JAPONICA (Japanese Snowbell)	15-20 ft.	White	May, June	Short	Porous soil	Fragrant

TAXODIUM . The Bald Cypress

Another tree that looks and acts like an evergreen but drops its leaves. They are sharply pyramidal and will grow in the wettest ground.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
T. DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)	100–120 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Wet soil	Stately pyramid of feathery foliage

TILIA . The Lindens

Here is a very civilized tree. Denseness of foliage, odor of blossoms, general tightness of habit, and amenity toward clipping and shearing make it a very pleasant companion.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
T. AMERICANA (American Linden)	80–100 ft.	Yellow	July	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Fragrant, rapid growth
T. cordata (Littleleaf European Linden) .	60– 80 ft.	Yellow- white	July	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Fragrant, dense foliage
T. TOMENTOSA (Silver Linden)	60- 80 ft.	Yellow- white	July	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Heavy shade
T. vulgaris (Common Linden)	80–100 ft.	Yellow- white	June	Medium	Moist, rich soil	Heavy shade

ULMUS • The Elms

With dignity and grace the Elms have graced our American landscapes for generations. Such beauty as they bring to our daily surroundings is worth fighting for. We should gratefully give them all the aid we can to withstand the onslaughts of their enemies.

	APPROX. HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	SPAN OF LIFE IN GOOD CONDITION	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	REMARKS
U. AMERICANA (American Elm)	100–120 ft.	Reddish brown	April	Long	Moist, rich soil	Grace of form
U. CAMPESTRIS (English Elm)	60- 80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Long	Moist, rich soil	Compact top
U. GLABRA CAMPERDOWNI (Camperdown Elm)	12- 15 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, rich soil	Dwarf and pendulous
U. parvifolia (Chinese Elm)	20- 30 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Short	Moist, rich soil	Fast growing small leaves
U. RACEMOSA (Rock Elm)	60- 80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Medium	Moist, rich soil	Corky bark



Garden Vista

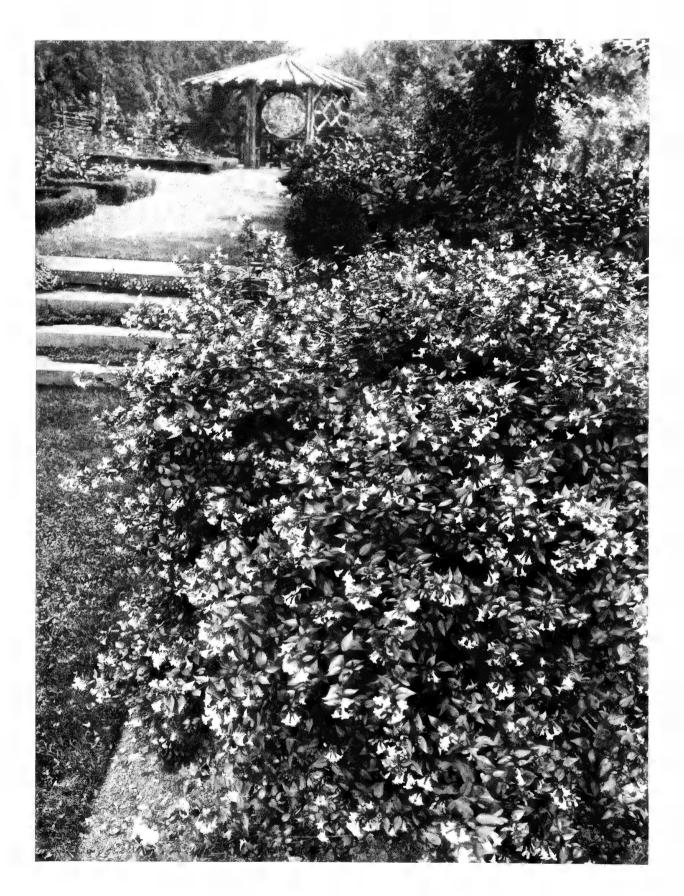
DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

HEN we stand in a grove of great trees we think of them in their majesty and aloofness as something apart from ourselves. They live their lives and fulfil their inscrutable destinies, independent of our fussy and restless affairs. Their flowers and fruits are inaccessible to us, save at great and sometimes dangerous effort. They were there—these trees—before we came; they will be there long after we have gone.

The shrubs are nearer to our own scale. They seem dependent on us as domestic animals are dependent and, like them, ready to return a grateful service for our care.

We like them for their flowers, of course. Indeed this is unquestionably the greatest of their charms. But we like them also because we can work with them and easily manipulate the composition of our immediate landscapes with them. We like them because we can prune them with our own hands and increase the quantity and quality of their blossoms, maintain their natural and beautiful shapes, renew their vigor. We like them for their many-hued fruits. We like them because these fruits bring the birds closer to us where we can watch them. This is a sweet association—this of the birds and the shrubs. There are those who will always associate the scent of Lilacs with the song of the yellow warbler; the mocking cadences of the catbird with the fragrance of the Mock-Orange; the rippling song of the wren with the white garlands of the Bridal Wreath.

The shrubbery is a garden full of present-day brightness and old-time fragrant memories.



Abelia grand**i**flora

ABELIA - The Flowering Abelia

Its small foliage, sparkling and glossy, is almost evergreen. In June the bloom begins, and continues till the Autumn. When the last tiny trumpet has fallen there remain the little panicles of tinted bracts which held them, very lovely against the dark bronzy green leafage.

A. Grandiflora (Glossy Abelia)

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
4–5 ft.	Pink and white	June and November	Light, peaty	Pendulous	Beautiful, glossy foliage

ACANTHOPANAX . The Bush Angelica

Upright in habit; dark green of foliage; a comfortable background shrub.

A. PENTAPHYLLUM (Bush Aralia)

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF	TIME OF	CONDITIONS	HABIT OF	REMARKS
MATURITY	BLOOM	BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	
5–6 ft.	Greenish	June	Rich, heavy soil	Upright	Dark green foliage

AESCULUS . The Dwarf Horse-Chestnut

This shrub makes a fine low mass, or drift, of the familiar Horse-Chestnut foliage topped by feathery spikes of white flowers.

A. PARVIFLORA (Bottlebrush Buckeye) . .

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
3 –6 ft.	White	July, August	Rich, moist loam	Upright in a mass	Effective feathery spike of bloom

AMELANCHIER · The Shadbushes

These native bushes have a delicacy of form which is charming. We are thrilled by their early misty bloom in the naked woods. The purple fruits are sweet. The birds like them.

A. CANADENSIS (Downy Shadbush)

HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
20-25 ft.	White	May	Limestone soil	Open, spreading growth	Purple fruits
15–20 ft.	White	May	Moist soil	Shrubby growth	Sweet, black fruit

A. OBLONGIFOLIA (Thicket Shadbush) . .

AMORPHA - The False Indigo Bush

The foliage is feathery; the flowers a remarkable dark purple; the habit of growth is somewhat sprawling.

A. FRUTICOSA (False Indigo Bush) . . .

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
5–15 ft.	Purple	July	Moist soil	Open, loose growth	Flower spikes dense



Azalea

AMYGDALUS . The Flowering Almonds

A delicate little shrub. Its long, slim twigs are hung with tiny rosettes of very double

white and pink flowers.

A. COMMUNIS ALBA (Double White Almond)

A. COMMUNIS ROSEA (Double Pink Almond)

HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
10-15 ft.	White	May	Good, average soil	Stiffly bushy	Rosette-like flowers before the leaves
10-15 ft.	Pink	May	Good, average soil	Stiffly bushy	Rosette-like flowers before the leaves

ARONIA . The Chokeberries

Here are bright little shrubs with the three graces of flower, fruit and Autumn color.

They belong to the native group.

A. Melanocarpa (Black Chokeberry)

HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
6-8 ft.	White	April, May	Moist soil	Upright	Red fruits
4-6 ft.	White	April, May	Dry, rocky soil	Upright	Black fruits

AZALEA · The Deciduous Azaleas

These beautiful flowering shrubs cover a wide range of emotions. There are the will-o'-the-wisps among the natives, whose blooms are like tinted mist floating through the woodlands and wet meadows, alluring their pursuers with wisps of delicate fragrance. There are the flamboyant banners of unconceivable color of the Mollis and Pontica groups. We have Azalea bloom among the many varieties from early April until well into July.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
A. Arborescens (Sweet Azalea)	6–10 ft.	White	June, July	Woodsy loam	Bushy	Fragrant
A. calendulacea (Flame Azalea)	4–10 ft.	Yellow to flame	May, June	Woodsy loam	Open	Delicate
A. KAEMPFERI (Torch Azalea)	8–10 ft.	Red	April, May	Woodsy loam	Dense and spreading	Striking when in bloom
A. KAEMPFERI MACRANTHA (Red Salmon Azalea)	3- 4 ft.	Salmon- red	June, July	Woodsy loam	Branching	Almost evergreen
A. MOLLIS (Chinese Azalea)	4- 6 ft.	Wide range of reds	May	Woodsy loam	Spreading	Gorgeous in bloom
A. MUCRONULATA (Manchurian Azalea)	5- 6 ft.	Rosy purple	April	Woodsy loam	Upright	Very early bloomer
A. Nudiflora (Pinxter-Bloom)	5– 6 ft.	Pink	April, May	Woodsy loam	Spreading	Fine in woodlands
A. PONTICA (Pontic Azalea)	6- 8 ft.	Yellows, orange- red	May, June	Woodsy loam	Spreading	Fragrant
A. POUKHANENSIS (Korean Azalea)	3- 4 ft.	Lavender	May	Woodsy loam	Spreading	Dense bloom
A. ROSEA (Downy Pinxter-Bloom)	6- 8 ft.	Pink	April, May	Woodsy loam	Spreading	Partial shade
A. Schlippenbachi (Royal Azalea)	5- 6 ft.	Pale pink	May	Woodsy loam	Spreading	Large ac- cented blooms
A. Vaseyi (Pink-shell Azalea)	5- 6 ft.	Pure pink	April, May	Moist, woodsy loam	Open	Flowers be- fore leaves
A. viscosa (Swamp Azalea)	4- 6 ft.	White	June, July	Wet soil	Thick, bushy	Latest to bloom, fragrant



Aesculus parviflora

BENZOIN . The Spice-Bush

In March this shrub dons a pale yellow cloak with a Spring hint in it of the green to come. Red fruits dotting the yellow foliage of Autumn renew our attention.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
B. ÆSTIVALE (Spice-Bush)	8-10 ft.	Pale yellow	March, April	Moist ground	Upright, dense	Spicy red fruit

BERBERIS . The Barberries

Aside from the beauty of the delicate flower panicles, of the fine decorative red fruits and rich red Autumn color, the Barberries contribute to our enjoyment a lovely pendulous form and habit of growing.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
B. Thunbergi (Japanese Barberry)	4-6 ft.	Yellow	April	Good loam	Densely bushy	Red fruits all Winter
B. Thunbergi minor (Box Barberry)	1-1½ft.	Yellow	April	Good loam	Dwarf, bushy	Very dense foliage
B. vulgaris (European Barberry)	6-8 ft.	Yellow	May	Good loam	Upright, arching	Very deco- rative fruits

BUDDLEIA . The Butterfly-Bush

This strong-growing, sprawling bush, which is covered from July on through the Summer with lilac-like spikes of bloom, has an appropriate common name, for through the bright sunny days the butterflies swarm about it, fluttering for an advantageous position, and then draining the tiny trumpets of their sweets, showing their contentment with gently waving wings.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
B. Davidi, Charming (Butterfly-Bush)	5–6 ft.	Pink	July– October	Well-drained soil, sun	Coarse, open growth	Must have plenty of room
B. Davidi, Fortune	5–6 ft.	Lilac	July– October	Well-drained soil, sun	Coarse, open growth	Must have plenty of room
B. Davidi, Ile de France	5–6 ft.	Lilac	July- October	Well-drained soil, sun	Coarse, open growth	Must have plenty of room
B. Davidi magnifica	5–6 ft.	Purple	July- October	Well-drained soil, sun	Coarse, open growth	Must have plenty of room

CALLICARPA . The Beauty Fruit

A shrub that grows rapidly and blooms in August—pink bunches of tiny flowers. In Autumn the slender branches are so weighted with lilac-colored fruit that they arch over and bend to the ground.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
C. PURPUREA (Chinese Beauty-Berry).	5–6 ft.	Pink	August	Good, open soil	Spreading	Great abundance of purple fruit



Cephalanthus

CALYCANTHUS . The Sweet-Shrub

This shrub has been loved for generations for its fragrance. The red-brown flowers have been hidden away in many an old bureau drawer and clothes press for the sake of this same spicy fragrance. The foliage is splendidly green and thick.

C. FLORIDUS (Common Sweet-Shrub) . . .

- 1	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
	8 ft.	Reddish brown	June, July	Good, moist soil	Thick and bushy	Remarkable fragrance

CARAGANA . The Pea-Shrub

A bright cheerful shrub with masses of yellow flowers and feathery foliage.

C. Arborescens (Siberian Pea-Tree) . . .

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF	TIME OF	CONDITIONS	HABIT OF	REMARKS
MATURITY	BLOOM	BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	
15–20 ft.	Yellow	June	Good, open soil	Upright tree form	Abundant pea-shaped flowers

CARYOPTERIS . The Bluebeard

These low-growing shrubs might almost be treated as perennials, for in severe Winters they are cut down to the ground, but start up again the following Spring. Their bluish lavender flowers come in masses in the Autumn when flowers are rare.

C. INCANA (Common Bluebeard)

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF	TIME OF	CONDITIONS	HABIT OF	REMARKS
MATURITY	BLOOM	BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	
2-4 ft.	Blue- lavender	September, October	Well-drained, sandy soil	Low, upright	Tops die down in Winter

CEANOTHUS · The New Jersey Tea

An open-growing, free-flowering native which blooms in the Fall. It hardly ever gets beyond 3 feet in height.

C. AMERICANUS (Jersey Tea)

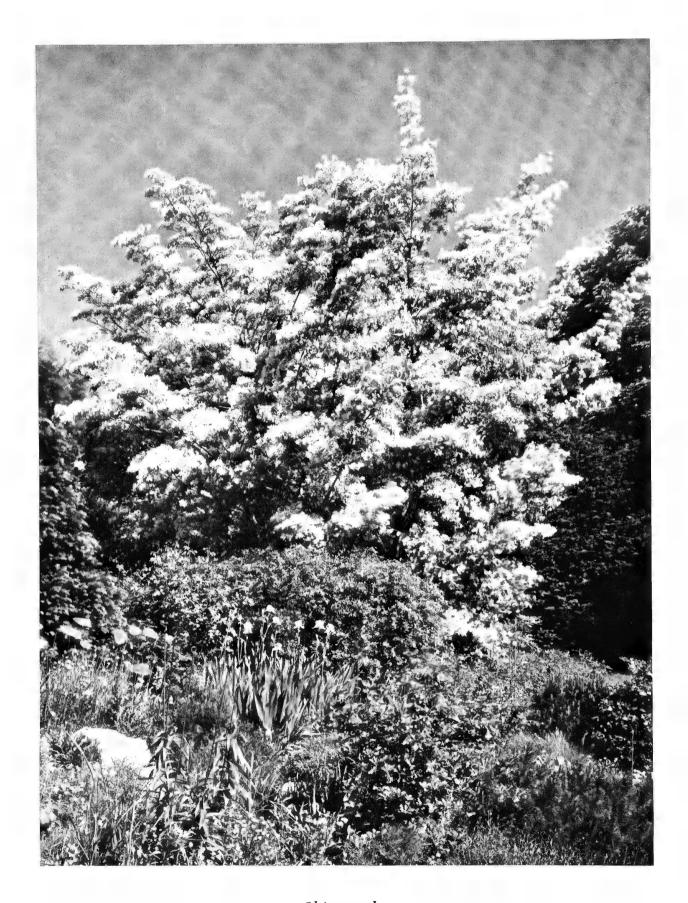
HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF	TIME OF	CONDITIONS	HABIT OF	REMARKS
MATURITY	BLOOM	BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	
2-3 ft.	White	June- Sept.	Light, well- drained soil	Erect, open growth	Likes partial shade

CEPHALANTHUS - The Button-Bush

Excellent glossy foliage and little round spheres of bloom hanging like buttons to the bush, are the interesting features of this shrub. It likes wet ground.

C. occidentalis (Button-Bush)

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
6-8 ft.	White	July, August	Moist soil	Bushy, round-headed growth	Spherical buttons of bloom



Chionanthus

CHIONANTHUS . The Fringe-Tree

This is a fine large shrub—large in scale of form and foliage. Its mantle of feathery white flowers is very striking. It has dark blue fruits in Autumn.

HEIGHT AT COLOR OF CONDITIONS HABIT OF TIME OF REMARKS MATURITY BLOOM BLOOM FOR GROWTH Well-drained, Upright, Leaves large May, C. VIRGINICA (White Fringe) 10-15 ft. White Tune moist loam round-headed in scale

CITRUS . The Hardy Orange

When this large-growing shrub is in fruit, covered with little oranges the size of a golf ball, it is a sight to be remembered. Its twigs and twig-like thorns are always green.

HEIGHT AT COLOR OF TIME OF CONDITIONS HABIT OF REMARKS MATURITY BLOOM FOR GROWTH Twiggy, Good. Stems and C. TRIFOLIATA (Hardy Orange) 8-10 ft. White April round-headed rich soil twigs green

CLETHRA . The Sweet Pepper Bush

Here is an upright Summer bloomer. Moist meadows are its natural home, and the little upright spikes of perky white blooms are fragrant.

HEIGHT AT COLOR OF TIME OF CONDITIONS HABIT OF REMARKS MATURITY BLOOM BLOOM FOR GROWTH GROWTH Blush-July, Woods earth Compact C. Alnifolia (Summer Sweet) . 5-6 ft. Fragrant white September moist bush

COMPTONIA - The Sweet Fern

This is the low-growing, aromatic shrub that is familiar to all country boys in rocky pastures. It will thrive in dry places exposed to the full sun.

HEIGHT AT COLOR OF TIME OF HABIT OF REMARKS MATURITY BLOOM BLOOM FOR GROWTH GROWTH Incon-Open, Flat-topped, C. ASPLENIFOLIA (Sweet Fern) 3-4 ft. Aromatic spicuous dry soil branching



Cornus

CORNUS . The Cornels

Here is a group of vigorous shrubs that thrive in moist lowlands. They are very conspicuous in the Winter landscape because of the bright colors of their twigs—reds and yellows.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
C. Alba (Tatarian Dogwood)	6- 8 ft.	Cream- white	May, June	Moist, good soil	Upright, bushy	Intensely red twigs and branches
C. Амомим (Silky Dogwood)	6- 8 ft.	White	June	Moist, good soil	Upright, bushy	Blue fruit
C. MAS (Cornelian-Cherry)	10–12 ft.	Yellow	March	Moist, good soil	Dense, upright	Edible red fruits
C. PANICULATA (Gray Dogwood)	8–10 ft.	White	June	Moist, good soil	Upright, bushy	White fruits on red stems, branches gray
C. sanguinea (Bloodtwig Dogwood)	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Moist, good soil	Upright, open	Red branches
C. STOLONIFERA (Red-Osier)	6- 8 ft.	White	May, June	Moist, good soil	Bushy, spreading	Dark red branches
C. STOLONIFERA FLAVIRAMEA (Goldentwig Dogwood)	6- 8 ft.	White	May, June	Moist, good soil	Bushy, spreading	Yellow branches and twigs

CORYLOPSIS · The Flowering Hazels

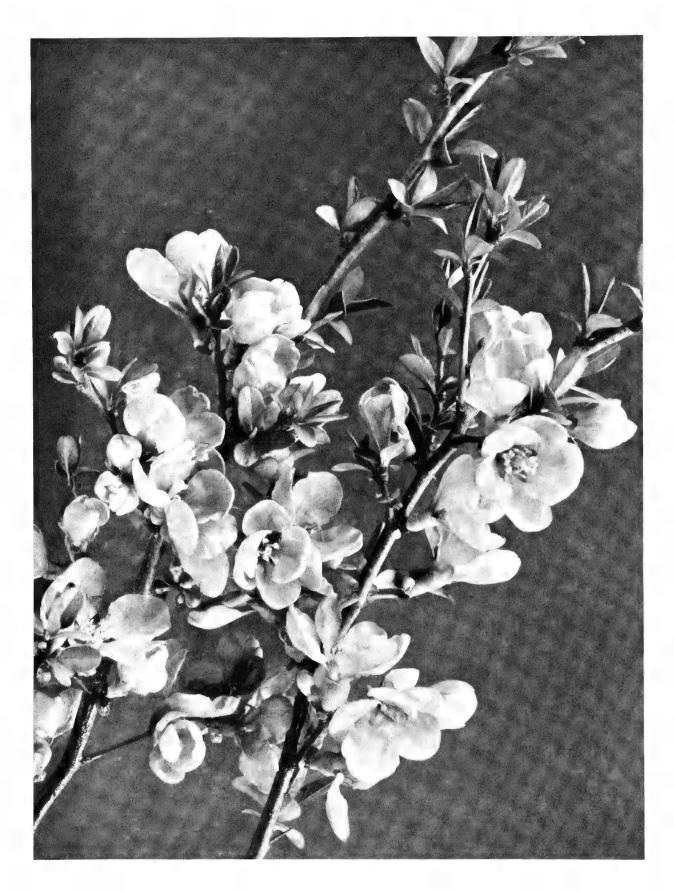
Fragrant, yellow flowers and lovely bluish green foliage are the interesting features of this low-growing species.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
C. PAUCIFOLIA (Buttercup Winter Hazel) .	2-3 ft.	Light yellow	March, April	Light, peaty soil	Spreading, many branches	Hanging spikes of fragrant flowers
C. SPICATA (Spike Winter Hazel)	3-4 ft.	Bright yellow	March, April	Light, peaty soil	Spreading, many branches	Foliage and bloom larger

CORYLUS · The Hazels

These large-growing shrubs have good sturdy foliage, and this is always a useful characteristic in a shrub. Their flowers are tassely catkins.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
C. AMERICANA (American Hazelnut)	6- 8 ft.	Catkins	March, April	Well-drained, good soil	Upright	Edible nut
C. Avellana purpurea (Purple Filbert) .	8–10 ft.	Catkins	March, April	Well-drained, good soil	Upright	Purple foliage



Cydonia

CYDONIA · The Japanese Quince

In early Spring, before the leaves are out, this thickly stemmed shrub is covered with bloom. It is as if the bush were aglow with the embers of a fire within it. The small yellow Quince fruits are deliciously fragrant.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
C. JAPONICA (Flowering Quince)	6-8 ft.	Red, sal- mon, pink white	April	Well-drained, good soil	Spreading, bushy	Flowers be- fore the leaves

CYTISUS . The Broom

The green tangle of the Broom, rampant-growing on a bank, is a striking sight, especially when covered with the bright yellow of the pea-shaped flowers.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
C. scoparius (Scotch Broom)	6-8 ft.	Bright yellow	May, June	Dry, gravelly soil, sun	Sprawling	Likes full

DAPHNE . The Deciduous Daphnes

Erect in habit, with purple and white flowers very early in the Spring before the leaves appear. The fruits are red or yellow, and quite showy.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
D. Mezereum (February Daphne)	2-3 ft.	Purple	April	Well-drained, light soil	Stout, erect habit	Red fruit
O. Mezereum alba (White February Daphne)	2–3 ft.	White	April	Well-drained, light soil	Stout, erect habit	Yellow fruit

DEUTZIA - The Deutzias

Here is a group of tall-growing shrubs which add to the general gayety of Spring blooms. They are stiff in form, and the foliage is dull in color.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
D. GRACILIS (Slender Deutzia)	3- 5 ft.	White	May	Well-drained, good soil	Upright, round-headed	Profuse bloom
D. Lemoinei (Lemoine's Deutzia)	4- 5 ft.	White	May	Well-drained, good soil	Spreading	Showy, large bloom
D. scabra (Fuzzy Deutzia)	6- 8 ft.	White	June, July	Well-drained, good soil	Upright	Many upright branches
D. SCABRA CANDIDISSIMA (White Fuzzy Deutzia)	6- 8 ft.	White	June	Well-drained, good soil	Upright	Double white flowers
D. SCABRA, PRIDE OF ROCHESTER (Pink Fuzzy Deutzia)	8–10 ft.	Pale pink	June	Well-drained, good soil	Upright	Double flowers



Elsholtzia

DIERVILLA . The Native Bush-Honeysuckles

These low-growing, native shrubs are interesting for their yellow flowers and the Fall color of their foliage. They are very hardy and don't mind semi-shade or dry soil.

D operation	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS	
O. SESSILIFOLIA (Southern Bush-Honeysuckle)	4–5 ft.	Yellow	June, July	Moist, good soil	Spreading	Coarse in texture	
D. TRIFIDA (Dwarf Bush-Honeysuckle)	2-3 ft.	Yellow	June, July	Moist, good soil	Spreading	Red foliage in Fall	

DIRCA · The Leatherwood

This shrub is not spectacular, but it is interesting. It has yellow flowers some time in March, and red fruits. One point of interest lies in the fact that the tough and flexible bark and branches have often been used for thongs and barrel hoops by our ingenious forebears.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS	
D. palustris (Leatherwood)	4-6 ft.	Pale yellow	March, April	Moist loam	Slow, rounded form	Red fruits	

ELAEAGNUS . The Deciduous Oleasters

An unusual group of rather tall-growing shrubs, very interesting for their decorative fruits and the unusual silvery greens of their foliage. The inconspicuous flowers are, however, fragrant.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
E. Angustifolia (Russian Olive)	15–18 ft.	Yellow	June	Well-drained, heavy soil	Upright, open	Fragrant flower, edible fruit
E. Longipes (Cherry Eleagnus)	6- 8 ft.	Yellow	June	Well-drained, heavy soil	Spreading	Fragrant flower, edible fruit

ELSHOLTZIA · The Mint Shrub

Here is a ground-covering shrub of very irregular habit of growth, but which is covered in September with spikes of purple flowers.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
E. Stauntoni (Mint Shrub)	3–4 ft.	Purple	September	Well-drained, good soil	Sprawling	Aromatic



Enkianthus

ENKIANTHUS . The Red-vein Enkianthus

An almost evergreen shrub of the greatest interest. Its racemes of little bell-like flowers, the general high quality of its foliage, and the vivid red of its Autumn color are what make it so.

E. CAMPANULATUS (Red-vein Enkianthus).

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
6–8 ft.	Pink	May	Well-drained, moist soil	Upright, bushy	Red Fall color

EUONYMUS • The Strawberry Bush

These tall and graceful shrubs are remarkable for the individuality of their colored fruits and the Fall tints of their foliage.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
E. Alatus (Winged Euonymus)	6- 8 ft.	Yellow	May	Good, rich soil	Spreading, dense	Crimson Fall color
E. ALATUS COMPACTA (Dwarf Winged Euonymus)	4– 6 ft.	Yellow	May	Good, rich soil	Compact form	Crimson Fall color
E. Americanus (Brook Euonymus)	6- 8 ft.	Purplish green	June	Good, rich soil	Upright	Fruit orange and scarlet
E. Europæus (European Burning Bush)	12-15 ft.	Yellow- green	May	Good, rich soil	Erect	Scarlet fruit

EXOCHORDA · The Pearl-Bush

Like pearls indeed are the abundant blossoms hung on the slender branches of this tall-growing shrub.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
E. grandiflora (Pearl-Bush)	10–12 ft.	White	April, May	Well-drained loam, sun	Slender, spreading	Abundant flowers

FORSYTHIA · The Golden-Bells

Bursts of yellow sunshine—Spring sunshine—are these bushes in early April. They typify Spring as no other shrub does. The foliage is substantial and in good condition all through the Summer.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
F. INTERMEDIA (Border Forsythia)	6- 8 ft.	Yellow	April	Good, rich soil	Slender, erect	
F. INTERMEDIA SPECTABILIS (Showy Border Forsythia)	8–10 ft.	Yellow	April	Good, rich soil	Upright, arching	Very showy
F. SUSPENSA (Weeping Forsythia).	6- 8 ft.	Bright yellow	April	Good, rich soil	Pendulous	Very good clear color
F. suspensa Fortunei (Fortune's Forsythia)	6- 8 ft.	Bright yellow	April	Good, rich soil	Upright, arching	Strong growers
F. SUSPENSA SIEBOLDI (Siebold Forsythia)	5- 6 ft.	Bright yellow	April	Good, rich soil	Slender, trailly	
F. VIRIDISSIMA (Greenstem Forsythia)	8–10 ft.	Bright yellow	April	Good, rich soil	Erect	Green stams



Hibiscus

HAMAMELIS . The Witch-Hazel

This is the shrub most closely allied to Winter, for it blooms then—one group in February and early March, another in November. The touseled, pale yellow flowers often give a tinge to the Winter landscape.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
H. JAPONICA (Japanese Witch-Hazel) H. JAPONICA ZUCCARINIANA	15–20 ft.	Pale yellow	February- April	Moist, open soil, sun	Compact, bushy	Good Fall color
(Lemon Japanese Witch-Hazel)	15-20 ft.	Canary- yellow	March, April	Moist, open soil, sun	Compact, bushy	Good Fall color
H. Mollis (Chinese Witch-Hazel)	15-20 ft.	Golden yellow	January– March	Moist, open soil, sun	Compact, bushy	Good Fall color
H. vernalis (Vernal Witch-Hazel)	5- 6 ft.	Light yellow	January- March	Moist, open soil, sun	Compact, bushy	Increases by suckers
H. VIRGINIANA (Common Witch-Hazel) .	10-15 ft.	Bright yellow	October, November	Moist, open soil, sun	Upright, bushy	Bloom abundant

HIBISCUS . The Rose of Sharon

A stiffly upright shrub that blooms in late Summer, and very beautiful flowers they are—each one a large, fringed cup like that of the hollyhock.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
H. syriacus (Shrub-Althaea)	10–12 ft.	White- purple	August	Deep, moist soil	Erect, pyramidal	Fine large flowers

HIPPOPHAË . The Sea-Buckthorn

Narrow, silvery foliage and orange-yellow fruits give this large-growing shrub its distinction.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
H. RHAMNOIDES (Sea-Buckthorn)	10–12 ft.	Yellow- ish	April	Good, average soil	Upright	Orange fruit

HYDRANGEA · The Hydrangeas

Everything about these shrubs is on a large scale, and coarse—the leaves, stems and particularly the flower-heads.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
H. ARBORESCENS (Smooth Hydrangea)	6- 8 ft.	White	June, July	Good, moist soil	Spreading	Will thrive in partial shade
H. ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA (Snowhill Hydrangea)	6- 8 ft.	White	June	Good, moist soil	Spreading	Large flower- heads
H. PANICULATA (Panicle Hydrangea)	8–10 ft.	White	July	Good, moist soil	Spreading	Single flowers
H. PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA (Peegee Hydrangea)	8–10 ft.	White	August, September	Good, moist soil	Spreading	Very large flower panicles
H. QUERCIFOLIA (Oakleaf Hydrangea)	5– 6 ft.	Pinkish white	June	Good, moist soil	Spreading and trailing	Leaves oak-shaped



Hypericum

HYPERICUM . The St. Johns-Wort

These independent little shrubs are very free flowering and vary greatly in their habits of growth. They are all the yellowest of yellows.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
H. Aureum (Golden St. Johns-Wort)	3–4 ft.	Bright yellow	July, August	Open, moist soil	Stiff and compact	Likes partial shade
H. Densiflorum (St. Johns-Wort)	5–6 ft.	Bright yellow	July- September	Open, moist soil	Stiff and compact	Abundant flowers
H. Moserianum (Gold-Flower)	1-2 ft.	Golden yellow	August, September	Open, moist soil	Pendulous	Large flowers
H. PROLIFICUM (Shrubby St. Johns-Wort) .	4–5 ft.	Yellow	July, September	Open, moist soil	Dense	Will do in rocky places

ILEX . The Winterberries

Sturdy, shapely shrubs that are most conspicuous for their abundant small red berries which give a decided color to the Winter landscape.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
I. decidua (Possum-Haw)	15–20 ft.	White	May	Good, well- drained soil	Spreading	Fruit orange- scarlet
I. SERRATA (Finetooth Winterberry)	6– 8 ft.	White	June, July	Good, well- drained soil	Slender, spreading	Bright red fruit
I. VERTICILLATA (Common Winterberry) .	6- 8 ft.	White	June, July	Good, well- drained soil	Spreading	Likes wet places

ITEA · The Sweet Spire

This shrub, of rather open, unimpressive habit, has for merits a fragrance and a fine Fall color.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
I. virginica (Sweet Spire)	3–5 ft.	White	June, July	Moist, average soil	Upright, coarse	Good Autumn color, fra- grant

JASMINUM . The Jasmine

A green-stemmed, pendulous shrub that is loved for its bright bloom, like yellow stars along the slender branches. In warm corners these begin to appear in February.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
J. NUDIFLORUM (Winter Jasmine)	 4–6 ft.	Yellow	February, March	Rich loam	Slender, pendulous	Green stems



Kolkwitzia

KERRIA . The Kerria

Bushy shrub with quantities of slender stems which are intensely green throughout the year, and is conspicuous when in flower.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
K. Japonica (Kerria)	4-6 ft.	Golden yellow	June, September	Good, rich soil	Slender, broad	Green stems
(Double-flowering Kerria)	4–6 ft.	Golden yellow	June, September	Good, rich soil	Slender, broad	Double flowers

KOLKWITZIA - The Beauty-Bush

A billowing, tumbling shrub that grows and flowers with great abandon.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
K. Amabilis (The Beauty-Bush)	6-8 ft.	Shell- pink	June	Good, rich soil	Tumbling, dense	Very abun- dant bloom

LESPEDEZA . The Bush Clover

Feathery and pendulous shrubs which in severe Winters die to the ground, but come strongly again the following Spring.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
L. BICOLOR (Shrub Bush Clover)	6-8 ft.	Purple	July, October	Good, rich soil	Slender, graceful	Pea-shaped flowers
L. FORMOSA (Purple Bush Clover)	4–6 ft.	Rose- purple	September	Good, rich soil	Pendulous	Dies back in Winter

LIGUSTRUM · The Privets

This is a group of shrubs which has been found very useful because of its excellent foliage. It is depended upon for hedges everywhere.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
L. amurense (Amur Privet)	12–15 ft.	White	June, July	Good, average soil	Upright	Hardy
L. Ibota (Ibota Privet)	10–12 ft.	White	June	Good, average soil	Upright	Pale green foliage
L. Ibota Regelianum (Regel's Privet)	5- 6 ft.	White	June	Good, average soil	Spreading, rugged	Graceful form
L. OVALIFOLIUM (California Privet)	12–15 ft.	White	July	Good, average soil	Upright	Dies back in severe Winters
L. Quihoui (Quihou Privet)	5- 6 ft.	White	September, October	Good, average soil	Spreading	Long spikes of flowers
L. vulgare (European Privet)	10–12 ft.	White	June, July	Good, average soil	Upright	Heavily fruited



Lonicera

LONICERA . The Bush Honeysuckles

Lush-growing mounds of foliage, blooming early and fruiting conspicuously.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
L. CHRYSANTHA (Coralline Honeysuckle) .	10-12 ft.	Yellow- ish white	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright	Coral-red fruit
L. fragrantissima (Winter Honeysuckle)	6- 8 ft.	White	March, April	Good, rich soil	Spreading	Fragrant flowers, scar- let fruit
L. Korolkowi (Blue-leaf Honeysuckle) .	10-12 ft.	Pink	May, June	Good, rich soil	Spreading	Red fruit
L. Morrowi (Morrow Honeysuckle) L. Ruprechtiana	6- 8 ft.	White	May	Good, rich soil	Spreading	Red fruit
(Manchurian Honeysuckle)	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright, arching	Red or yel- low fruit
L. Standishi (Standish Honeysuckle)	5– 6 ft.	White	March, April	Good, rich soil	Upright	Very fragrant flowers, scar- let fruit
L. TATARICA (Tatarian Honeysuckle)	8–10 ft.	Pink to white	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright, dense	Abundant red fruit

LYCIUM - The Matrimony-Vine

A tumbling, trailing shrub conspicuous for its orange fruits, as well as for its habit of growth.

L. CHINENSE (Chinese Matrimony-Vine) . 8-10 ft. Purple July Good, well-drained soil Pendulous Scarlet berries, very showy

MYRICA · The Bayberry

The beautiful aromatic foliage of this shrub resembles many of the broad-leaved evergreens, but it falls in due time and reveals the clustered gray berries along the stems.

Bayberry candles are made from these.

HEIGHT AT COLOR OF BLOOM TIME OF CONDITIONS HABIT OF REMARKS Wax from Dry. Rounded, Incon-M. CAROLINIENSIS (Northern Bayberry). 6-8 ft. spicuous good soil dense berries

PHILADELPHUS · The Mock-Orange

These are tall, stiffly upright-growing shrubs. One of them, *Philadelphus coronarius*, is sweet with a fragrance very alluring and redolent of old gardens and old times.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
P. CORONARIUS (Sweet Mock-Orange) P. CORONARIUS SPECIOSISSIMUS	8-10 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Upright	Fragrant flowers
(Roundleaf Mock-Orange)	8–10 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Upright	Very fra- grant
P. Falconeri (Star Mock-Orange)	6- 8 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Slender, arching	Fragrant
P. Lemoinei (Lemoine Mock-Orange)	4– 6 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Spreading	Delicate perfume
P. virginalis (Virginal Mock-Orange)	6– 8 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Upright	Semi-double flowers
P. Zeyheri (Zeyher Mock-Orange)	8–10 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Spreading, arching	Very large flowers



Sambucus

PHOTINIA · The Christmas Berry

A large but gracefully growing shrub, beautiful in every way—in foliage, flower and fruit. It puts on its best performance in the Fall when the fruit is red against the yellow leaves, and the graceful form of the branching begins to show through.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
P. VILLOSA (The Christmas Berry)	10–12 ft.	White	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright, graceful	Yellow Fall color, red fruit

PHYSOCARPUS - The Ninebark

Here is a coarse, rapid-growing shrub with shaggy bark and pale green leaves, a very ruffian of a shrub.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
P. opulifolius (Common Ninebark)	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Good, average soil	Upright	Likes partial shade
P. OPULIFOLIUS AUREA (Goldleaf Ninebark)	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Good, average soil	Upright	Golden foliage

PRUNUS . The Flowering Plums

To see these shrubs aglow with the delicate blossoms in the Spring is to fall in love with them permanently.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS	
P. MARITIMA (Beach Plum)	5-6 ft.	White	May	Sandy	Irregular, spreading	Edible fruits, likes seashore	
P. TRILOBA (Flowering Plum)	7–8 ft.	Pink	May	Good, rich soil	Spreading, tree-like	Abundant bloom	

RHAMNUS · The Buckthorns

The Buckthorns are all shrubs with rather good foliage and glossy black fruits. They are tolerant of a good deal of shade.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
R. CATHARTICA (Common Buckthorn)	8–10 ft.	Green	June	Well-drained soil	Open, upright	Fruit, shiny black
R. Frangula (Glossy Buckthorn)	10-12 ft.	Light yellow	July	Well-drained soil	Open, upright	Red to black fruit, shiny foliage

RHODOTYPOS · The White Kerria

This is a shrub which blooms and bears fruit, yet it is not particularly striking in either performance. It will stand a good deal of shade.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
R. KERRIOIDES (Jetbead)	4–6 ft.	White	May- August	Good soil	Upright and open	Thrives in shade



Rhus cotinus

RHUS . The Sumacs

These shrub Sumacs are interesting in every way. Their foliage is good, their fruit panicles striking, and the Fall color most brilliant.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARK\$
R. canadensis (Fragrant Sumac)	2- 4 ft.	Yellow	March, April	Dry, sunny situations	Low, spreading	Fragrant, with fine Fall color
R. COPALLINA (Shining Sumac)	5- 6 ft.	Greenish	July, August	Dry, sunny situations	Spreading	Shiny leaves
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree)	12-15 ft.	Smoky white	July, August	Well-drained, good soil	Upright and graceful	Mist-like bloom, crisp, green foliage

RIBES . The Flowering Currants

Very decorative little shrubs with deeply cut leaves and delightful fragrance in Spring.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
R. Aureum (Slender Golden Currant)	5-6 ft.	Yellow	May	Rich soil	Upright and open	Delicate fra- grance, tol- erant of shade
R. SANGUINEUM (Winter Currant)	6-8 ft.	Red	May	Rich soil	Upright and open	Aromatic

SALIX · The Bush Willows

These shrub Willows are all fast-growing plants. The mass of the foliage is attractive.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
S. HUMILIS (Prairie Willow)	6- 8 ft.	Catkins	Early Spring	Dry ground	Various shapes	A good bushy Willow
S. INCANA (Rosemary Willow)	8–10 ft.	Catkins	Early Spring	Dry, good soil	Pendulous, dense foliage	Very narrow leaves
S. sericea (Silky Willow)	6- 8 ft.	Catkins	Early Spring	Dry, good soil	Very bushy	Silky leaves

SAMBUCUS · The Elders

The Elderberries are rapid and coarse in growth, but very interesting, nevertheless, for their flowers and early fruits.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
S. CANADENSIS (American Elder)	6- 8 ft.	White	June, July	Moist soil	Rapid and open	Abundant black, useful fruits
S. NIGRA AUREA (Golden European Elder)	10–12 ft.	Yellow, white	May, June	Moist soil	Rapid and coarse	Black, lus- trous fruit
S. pubens (Scarlet Elder)	8–12 ft.	White	May	Moist soil	Rapid and coarse	Early red fruit



Spiraea

SORBARIA . The False Spirea

A quite handsome shrub with its compound, pointed foliage and large panicles of white flowers in midsummer. It spreads rapidly by suckers.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
S. sorbifolia	4-6 ft.	White	July	Moist soil	Strong and upright	Throws up many root suckers

SPIRAEA . The Spireas

This group is gay with Spring bloom—the kind of bloom which drenches the whole plant with white.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
S. Bumalda (Bumalda Spirea) S. Bumalda, Anthony Waterer	2-3 ft.	Pink	July	Any good soil	Low, flat bush	Partial shade
(Anthony Waterer Spirea)	2-3 ft.	Crimson	June, July	Any good soil	Dense and flat	Gardenesque
S. Fræbeli (Fræbel Spirea)	3–4 ft.	Rose- pink	May, June	Any good soil	Similar to above	Bright- colored flowers
S. PRUNIFOLIA FLORE-PLENO (Double Bridal Wreath)	5-6 ft.	White	May	Any good soil	Arching branches	Abundance of double flowers
S. Reevesiana (Reeves Spirea)	4–6 ft.	White	June	Any good soil	Spreading	Holds foliage until late in Fall
S. Thunbergi (Thunberg's Spirea)	4-5 ft.	White	April	Any good soil	Low and pendulous	Mass of deli- cate flowers in early Spring
S. Vanhouttei (Van Houtte Spirea)	5–6 ft.	White	May	Any good soil	Graceful and pendulous	Splendid foliage

STAPHYLEA . The Bladder-Nuts

While this tall shrub is not spectacular in its performance, it is interesting for the flowers and the greenish fruits.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
S. colchica (Colchis Bladder-Nut)	8–10 ft.	Yellow- ish white	May, June	Moist, rich soil	Upright	Pale green fruit
S. TRIFOLIA (American Bladder-Nut)	10-12 ft.	White	April, May	Moist, rich soil	Upright	Thrives in partial shade

STEPHANANDRA · The Stephanandra

Here is a shrub with very dense foliage, deeply cut.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
S. FLEXUOSA (Cut-leaf Stephanandra)	3–6 ft.	White	June	Any good soil	Compact, bushy	Very graceful



Syringa vulgaris

SYMPHORICARPOS · The Snowberry and Coral-Berry

These low-growing, pendulous shrubs are most interesting for their garlanded fruits.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS	
S. racemosus (Common Snowberry)	4-5 ft.	Pinkish	June	Any good soil	Pendulous	Large snow- white fruit	
S. vulgaris (Coral-Berry)	3-4 ft.	White	May, June	Any good soil	Pendulous	Coral-pink fruit	ı

SYMPLOCOS · The Turquoise Berry

It is a startling sight to come upon a graceful bush of Symplocos when it is blue with berries.

	MATURITY	BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	REMARKS
S. paniculata (Asiatic Sweetleaf)	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Well-drained, good soil	Graceful and sturdy	Intensely blue fruit attractive to birds

SYRINGA · The Lilacs

There is no shrub in the long list of species that is better loved than the Lilac. It has earned this regard through sheer merit. To its beauty of fragrant bloom is added that of substantial foliage.

8	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	REMARKS
S. chinensis (Chinese Lilac)	10-12 ft.	Purple- lilac	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright, arching	Loose panicles of bloom
S. Japonica (Japanese Tree Lilac)	15-20 ft.	Yellow- ish white	June, July	Good, rich soil	Strong and upright	Extremely large, open panicles of bloom
S. Josikæa (Hungarian Lilac)	10-12 ft.	Violet	May, June	Good, rich soil	Coarse, upright	Slightly fra- grant, valu- able for late bloom
S. persica (Persian Lilac)	8–10 ft.	Pale lilac	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright and arching	Late, abun- dant bloom
S. VILLOSA (Late Lilac)	8–10 ft.	Pinkish lilac	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright and bushy	Late- blooming
S. vulgaris (Common Lilac)	12–15 ft.	True lilac or white	May	Good, rich soil	Strong and upright	This is the old-fashioned fragrant Lilac
S. VULGARIS HYBRIDS AND NAMED VARIETIES	4–10 ft.	All shades white to deep purple	April- June	Good, rich soil	Upright	A great va- riety of forms and colors

TAMARIX · The Tamarisks

These are tall, loose-growing shrubs with very fine, feathery foliage, and spikes of soft bloom of the same character.

	MATURITY	BLOOM	BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	REMARKS
T. AFRICANA (African Tamarix)	10–12 ft.	Pink	April	Light, sandy	Tall and sprawling	Feathery bloom and foliage
T. GALLICA (French Tamarix)	15–20 ft.	Pink	April	Light, sandy	Tall and sprawling	Feathery bloom and foliage



Viburnum Carlesi

VACCINIUM . The Blueberry

The Highbush Blueberry makes a beautiful, shapely shrub with interesting bloom and splendid Fall color. This in addition to the delicious berries which ripen so profusely in the northern parts of its range.

V. corymbosum (Highbush Blueberry) . .

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF	TIME OF	CONDITIONS	HABIT OF	REMARKS
MATURITY	BLOOM	BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	
6-8 ft.	White	April	Woodsy loam	Many- branched, regular	Striking Fall color

VIBURNUM · The Viburnums

This is a large and important group among the shrubs. It is a group in which all the members have quality and distinction. Each one has some particular merit, some point of difference from its relatives which gives it individuality. They all excel in foliage, bloom, fruit and Autumn color.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
V. ACERIFOLIUM (Mapleleaf Viburnum)	4- 5 ft.	White	May, June	Shaded, dry soil	Spreading	Splendid for woodland undergrowth
V. Carlesi (Fragrant Viburnum)	5– 6 ft.	Pink and white	April, May	Well-drained, good soil	Graceful shapes	Exquisite fragrance
V. CASSINOIDES (Withe-rod)	6- 8 ft.	White	June, July	Good, moist soil	Upright and strong	Will do well in low ground
V. DENTATUM (Arrow-Wood)	10-12 ft.	White	May, June	Good, moist soil	Tall and upright	Tolerant of shade
V. dilatatum (Linden Viburnum)	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright and strong	Abundance of red fruit
V. Lantana (Wayfaring-Tree)	15–18 ft.	White	May, June	Dry, lime- stone soil	Upright and strong	Bright red, changing to purple
V. Lentago (Nanny-Berry)	15–20 ft.	White	May, June	Good, rich soil	Gracefully tree-like	Will stand considerable moisture
V. Molle (Kentucky Viburnum)	10-12 ft.	White	May	Good soil	Upright and strong	Early bluish black fruit
V. Opulus (European Cranberry-Bush)	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Good soil	Strong, free growing	Subject to attack of aphis
V. Opulus nanum (Dwarf Cranberry-Bush)	1- 2 ft.	None		Good soil	Dwarf and compact	Small scale foliage
V. Opulus sterile (Common Snowball) .	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Good soil	Strong, free growing	Old-fashioned Snowball
V. PRUNIFOLIUM (Blackhaw)	12–15 ft.	White	May	Good soil	Spreading	Autumn color fruit blue to black
V. Sargenti (Sargent's Cranberry-Bush) .	10–12 ft.	White	May, June	Good soil	Dense and upright	Red fruits
V. Sieboldi (Siebold Viburnum)	8–10 ft.	White	May, June	Good, moist soil	Strong, upright	Foliage large
V. theiferum (Tea Viburnum)	10–12 ft.	White	May, June	Good, rich soil	Strong, upright	Showy, red fruit
V. tomentosum (Doublefile Viburnum) .	8–10 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Spreading	Unusual dis- play of bloom
V. TOMENTOSUM PLICATUM (Japanese Snowball)	6- 8 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Dense foli- age, spread- ing	Abundance of white snowballs
V. WRIGHTI (Wright Viburnum)	6- 8 ft.	White	May, June	Good, rich soil	Upright and strong	Profuse red fruit



Vitex

VITEX . The Chaste-Tree

A late Summer-blooming shrub of open growth with finely cut foliage. It has a frail sort of beauty which is appealing.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
V. Agnus-castus (Lilac Chaste-Tree)	8–10 ft.	Lilac	July, August	Average, good soil	Upright, open grower	Valuable for late Summer bloom

WEIGELA . The Weigelas

These twiggy, full-growing shrubs are very conspicuous when in flower. They do not possess, however, the delicacy of detail which holds our interest permanently.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
W. AMABILIS (Rose Weigela) W. HYBRIDA, EVA RATHKE	5–6 ft.	Pink	May, June	Good soil	Spreading	Flowers in abundance
(Eva Rathke Weigela)	5–6 ft.	Crimson	May	Good soil	Spreading	Flowers in abundance
W. Hybrida, Steltzneri (Steltzner Weigela)	5-6 ft.	Pink	May	Good soil	Spreading	Flowers in abundance
W. Hybrida, Vanhouttei (Van Houtte Weigela)	5–6 ft.	Dark red	May	Good soil	Spreading	Flowers in abundance
W. Hybrida, Verschaffelti (Verschaffelt Weigela)	5–6 ft.	Carmine	May	Good soil	Spreading	Flowers in abundance
W. ROSEA (Pink Weigela)	5–6 ft.	Carmine- pink	May	Good soil	Spreading	Flowers in abundance

ZANTHORHIZA · The Yellow-Root

This is a low-growing feathery little shrub which spreads by shoots from the roots, and carpets the ground with yellow in the Autumn.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
Z. apiifolia (Yellow-Root)	1-2 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Good, average soil	Low, spreading	Good ground-cover



Clematis

VINES

F LIVING plants may be said to express gaiety, cheerfulness, humor—the Vines are most certainly the exponents of these emotions.

It is a pleasant concept to compare the expression of growing things—the Great Green Pageant—with the performance of a noble symphony. In this performance the Evergreen Trees sustain the slow, resounding Adagio; the Deciduous Trees, the melodic Andante Cantabile; the Shrubs, the vivacious Allegro; and the Vines, the rollicking Scherzo—or even the Ballet!

They dance in the winds, they peep in through our windows, they climb trees and beckon to us from the inaccessible height. They clamber over walls. They conceal our architectural mistakes and build comfortable bowers for our delight. They cling and reach and twine. They flower and fruit and glow with Autumn hues. They are always trying to escape us. They resist our restraining hands with thorns. But we love them as we love restlessly active children.

ACTINIDIA - The Silver-Vine

A very thick-foliaged vine, extremely rapid in growth and very satisfactory as a screen.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
A. polygama (Silver-Vine)	50 ft.	White	June	Moist, rich soil	Strong and dense	Yellow fruit, early Fall

AKEBIA . The Akebia

This is a lovely, decorative vine of delicate, graceful character. The early Spring bloom is deliciously fragrant.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
A. QUINATA (Five-leaf Akebia)	25–30 ft.	Brownish purple	May	Well-drained soil	Delicate and graceful	Fragrant

AMPELOPSIS · The Deciduous Creepers

A very strong-growing group with dominant foliage and, in many cases, interesting fruits and Fall color.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
A. HETEROPHYLLA (Porcelain Ampelopsis)	25- 30 ft.	Green	July, August	Good loam	Cling by tendrils	Purplish blue
A. HETEROPHYLLA AMURENSIS (Amur Ampelopsis)	30- 40 ft.	Green	July, August	Good Ioam	Cling by tendrils	Many shaded, from pink to blue
A. QUINQUEFOLIA (Virginia Creeper) A. QUINQUEFOLIA ENGELMANNI	30- 40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Good Ioam	Aërial roots, twining stems	Fruits blue, scarlet Fall color
	30- 40 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Good loam	Aërial roots, twining stems	Smaller foli- age than type
A. TRICUSPIDATA (Japanese Creeper)	80-100 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Good loam	Aërial roots	Coarse, large- scale foliage
A. TRICUSPIDATA LOWI (Geranium Creeper)	60- 80 ft.	Incon- spicuous		Good loam	Aërial roots	Smaller leaves than type, good Fall color

ARISTOLOCHIA - The Dutchmans-Pipe

The Dutchmans-Pipe is big in every way. Very rapid in growth, large of leaf, dense of foliage.

spicyone Good Toalli		MATURITY	BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
	A. Sipho (Dutchmans-Pipe)	30–40 ft.			Good loam	, ,	Leaves are very large

BIGNONIA . The Trumpet Creepers

When vines bloom like the Trumpet Creepers they are sure of a place in our affections. Clean, strong climbers which do their own clinging, are these.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
B. GRANDIFLORA (Chinese Trumpet Creeper) B. GRANDIFLORA, MME. GALEN	30–40 ft.	Scarlet	August, September	Rich soil		Must be supported
(Orange Trumpet Creeper)	30-40 ft.	Orange	August, September	Rich soil	Rapid growth	Must be supported
B. RADICANS (Trumpet Creeper)	30-40 ft.	Orange- scarlet	July- September	Rich soil	Rapid growth	A self- clinger

CELASTRUS . The Bittersweet Vine

The wild abandon of growth, the brilliant display of orange fruit in Autumn, and the excellent foliage are the things for which we like the Bittersweet.

	HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
C. scandens (American Bittersweet)	20-25 ft.	Greenish white	June	Good, average soil	Irregular and tumbling	Fruit yellow and vermilion

CLEMATIS . The Clematis Vines

Here is the last word in delicacy and grace, in vines. The blossoms have so frail a loveliness, and the slender, reaching stems a form and movement so appealing that when we look on a Clematis in bloom on a garden wall, or spreading its tracery over a doorway, we are reminded of the lovely pastoral music of MacDowell.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
C. Paniculata (Sweet Autumn Clematis) .	6–10 ft.	Scarlet	July- September	Rich soil, moisture	Delicate and open	Bell-shaped flowers
C. TEXENSIS (Scarlet Clematis)	20-25 ft.	White	September	Rich soil, moisture	Rapid, dense	Good foliage, profuse bloom
C. virginiana (Virgin's Bower)	15–20 ft.	White	July- September	Rich soil, moisture	Delicate and open	Lovely flow- ers in panicles
C. Hybrids	8–10 ft.	Various	July- October	Rich, moist soil	Delicate and open	Very large flowers

EUONYMUS • The Climbing Euonymus

Evergreen climbers which will cling to stone or brick walls. Their deep green vigor is worth the trouble of spraying, which must be done to keep them free of scale.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
E. RADICANS (Winter Creeper)	15–20 ft.	Greenish white	June, July	Good, average soil	Dense, clinging	Must be sprayed for scale, ever- green
E. RADICANS CARRIEREI (Glossy Winter Creeper)	3- 4 ft.	Greenish white	June, July	Good, average soil	Bushy	Must be sprayed for scale, ever- green
E. RADICANS COLORATUS (Purple Winter Creeper)	8–10 ft.	Greenish white	June, July	Good, average soil	Dense, clinging	Good Autumn color
E. RADICANS KEWENSIS (Baby Winter Creeper)	10–12 ft.	Greenish white	June, July	Good, average soil	Prostrate	A good ground-cover in shade
E. RADICANS VEGETUS (Bigleaf Winter Creeper)	5- 6 ft.	Greenish white	June, July	Good, average soil	Shrubby	Good fruit

HEDERA . The Ivies

These are the evergreen English Ivies which have clung to the walls and towers of oldest England and been sung by her poets and loved by all people for generations. It still clings to our walls and warms many a north-facing corner throughout the long Winter.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
H. Helix (English Ivy)	60-80 ft.	Greenish	June	Good, rich soil	Dense, clinging	Thrives on north side of buildings, evergreen
H. Helix Baltica (Baltic Ivy)	15-20 ft.	Greenish	June	Good, rich soil	Dense, clinging	Foliage small- er than type, very hardy
H. Helix gracilis (Minute-leaf Ivy)	15–20 ft.	Greenish	June	Good, rich soil	Dense, clinging	Leaves bronze in Fall

HYDRANGEA · The Climbing Hydrangea

A distinguished, self-clinging vine with dense, shadowy foliage. It is especially decorative when studded in Summer with the flat heads of Hydrangea-like blooms.

H. Petiolaris (Climbing Hydrangea) . . .

HEIGHT AT	COLOR OF	TIME OF	CONDITIONS	HABIT OF	REMARKS
MATURITY	BLOOM	BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	
60-70 ft.	White	June, July	Rich, porous soil	Dense, clinging	Very decora- tive flower

LATHYRUS · Climbing Pea

This thick, mounded vine is a perennial—its top dying to the ground each Winter. It scrambles over anything and is bright with bloom in midsummer.

HEIGHT AT COLOR OF BLOOM TIME OF BLOOM CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH HABIT OF REMARKS Rose and L. Latifolius (Perennial Pea) . Irregular, Tops die down 6-8 ft. June Rich soil white dense in Winter

LONICERA · The Honeysuckle Vines

In blooming-time these vines fill the air with fragrance. They are rampant growers and will take possession of any planting unless restrained.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
L. Henryi (Henry Honeysuckle) L. Japonica Halliana	15-20 ft.	Red	June- August	Good, average soil	Trailing	Good foliage
(Hall's Honeysuckle)	20-30 ft.	White	June– August	Good, average soil	Trailing	Spreading by rootstock
L. sempervirens (Trumpet Honeysuckle) .	20–30 ft.	Scarlet	May- September	Good, average soil	Trailing	Scarlet trumpets

PUERARIA . The Kudzu-Vine

One of the most rapid-growing vines, sometimes making 40 to 50 feet in a season. In severe climates the tops die down in Winter.

REMARKS MATURITY BLOOM BLOOM FOR GROWTH GROWTH July, Good, well-Very large P. THUNBERGIANA (Kudzu-Vine) . . 50-60 ft. Purple Rapid, thick August drained soil leaves

SCHIZOPHRAGMA · The Japanese Hydrangea-Vine

This is similar to the Climbing Hydrangea (Hydrangea petiolaris) described above. It will perform well in partial shade.

HABIT OF HEIGHT AT TIME OF CONDITIONS COLOR OF REMARKS FOR GROWTH GROWTH S. HYDRANGEOIDES Self-Good, well-Likes partial (Japanese Hydrangea-Vine) 30-40 ft. White July drained soil clinging shade

VITIS . The Grape-Vines

No vine is more decorative than the Vitis. In size and shape the leaf is very pleasant to our scale, and the small bunches of dark fruits interesting and attractive. There is a very subtle fragrance to the blossoms.

HEIGHT AT TIME OF COLOR OF REMARKS MATURITY BLOOM BLOOM FOR GROWTH Blue-black Incon-Strong and V. ÆSTIVALIS (Summer Grape) Rich loam 40-50 ft. dense fruit spicuous When Very touched by Incon-V. CORDIFOLIA (Frost Grape) Rich loam 50-60 ft. spicuous vigorous frost, fruit can be eaten Strong Incon-Purple-black V. Labrusca (Fox Grape). Rich loam 40-50 ft. spicuous grower fruit

WISTERIA . The Wisterias

In its large, strong way, the Wisteria is the most brilliant of all vines. Its purple or white flowers drench the vine in color. It grows to a great old age, with much grace.

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	BLOOM	FOR GROWTH	GROWTH	REMARKS
W. FLORIBUNDA (Japanese Wisteria)	20-25 ft.	Purple	June	Good, rich soil	Strong and rapid	Very long racemes of flowers
W. FRUTESCENS (American Wisteria)	25–30 ft.	Lilac- purple	June	Moist soil	Strong and rapid	Flowers not so large as others
W. FRUTESCENS MAGNIFICA (Yelloweye Wisteria)	25–30 ft.	Lilac, with yel- low spot	May	Good, rich soil	Strong and rapid	Largest flowers
W. SINENSIS (Chinese Wisteria)	25-30 ft.	Blue- violet	June	Good, rich soil	Strong and rapid	Flowers all come at once
W. SINENSIS ALBA (White Chinese Wisteria)	25-30 ft.	White	June	Good, rich soil	Strong and rapid	Flowers all come at once

ROSES

HE highest horticultural achievement of Nature and man is unquestionably the Rose. So great has the love of this flower grown that a great literature has sprung up from it, and a great industry. Many associations and societies have been formed for the purpose of studying the Rose, of publishing the facts concerning it.

It is beyond the province of this book to cover the large field occupied by all the forms and phases of this flower, but it should call attention to that group which justly belongs to the flowering shrubs. In this group is all the loveliness and delicacy that a flower can express. The wild Rose stirs fragrant memories and arouses sweet and happy emotions. There is no reason why we should not enjoy the companionship of these simple, beautiful species as well as that of their more cultivated, pampered sisters of the Rose-garden.

WILD AND BUSH ROSES

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
Rosa carolina (Pasture Rose)	3 ft.	Pink	June, July	Heavy, rich loam	Low, bushy	Will spread by suckers
R. Hugonis (Hugonis Rose)	5– 6 ft.	Yellow	May	Heavy, rich loam	Upright, bushy	Very free flowering
R. multiflora (Japanese Rose)	8–10 ft.	White	June	Heavy, rich loam	Tumbling or climbing	Small flowers in numerous heads
R. Rubiginosa (Sweetbrier)	5– 6 ft.	Bright pink	June	Heavy, rich loam	Compact	Aromatic leaves
R. rugosa (Rugosa Rose)	5– 6 ft.	White, pink	May, September	Heavy, rich loam	Upright, bushy	Large red fruits
R. Setigera (Prairie Rose)	5– 6 ft.	Deep pink	June, July	Heavy, rich loam	Pendulous	Fine tumb- ling mass of foliage
R. SPINOSISSIMA (Scotch Rose)	4- 5 ft.	Yellow, white	June	Heavy, rich loam	Open, spreading	Black fruit
R. Wichuraiana (Wichuraiana Rose)	10–12 ft.	White	June	Heavy, rich loam	Trailing	Fragrant

THE BRIER ROSES

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
THE YELLOW BRIERS	8–10 ft.	Yellow	June	Dry, rich loam	Upright, arching	Do not like too much pruning
LORD PENZANCE SWEETBRIERS	8–10 ft.	Shades of pink	June	Dry, rich loam	Upright, arching	Beautiful short-lived flowers

THE CLIMBING ROSES

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
The best named varieties	15–20 ft.	All shades	June, July	Heavy, rich loam	Climbing	The epitom of rose bloom

THE HYBRID PERPETUALS AND HYBRID TEAS

	HEIGHT AT MATURITY	COLOR OF BLOOM	TIME OF BLOOM	CONDITIONS FOR GROWTH	HABIT OF GROWTH	REMARKS
The old favorites and the New \dots	2–6 ft.	All shades	June- December	Heavy, rich loam	Upright, bushy	Blooms throughout the season



A Selected List of Perennial Flowers for General Use in Gardens

BLOOMING IN APRIL	HEIGHT	COLOR
Adonis vernalis (Spring Adonis)	8-12 in.	Yellow
ALYSSUM SAXATILE COMPACTUM (Golden-Tuft)	8-10 in.	Yellow
Anemone Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower)	8-10 in.	Purple
Aquilegia canadensis (Columbine)	18 in.	Red and yellow
Arabis alpina (Rock-Cress)	12 in.	White
Aubrietia deltoidea (Common Aubrietia)	8 in.	Blue-purple
IBERIS SEMPERVIRENS (Evergreen Candytuft)	8-12 in.	White
Mertensia virginica (Virginia Bluebells)	18 in.	Blue
Nepeta Mussini (Catmint)	12 in.	Lavender
Papaver Nudicaule (Iceland Poppy)	12 in.	Yellow, orange, white
Phlox divaricata (Blue Phlox)	12 in.	Lavender
Phlox subulata (Moss Phlox)	4- 6 in.	Pink, blue, white
POLEMONIUM REPTANS (Creeping Polemonium)	8-10 in.	Blue
Primula acaulis (English Primrose)	6 in.	Yellow
Primula Polyantha (Polyanthus Primrose)	6-10 in.	Many shades
Trollius Europæus (Globe-Flower)	18-24 in.	Yellow
	20 27 2	
BLOOMING IN MAY	- 4	
Ajuga genevensis (Geneva Bugle)	8 in.	Blue
AJUGA REPTANS (Carpet Bugle)	4 in.	Blue
Anchusa myosotidiflora (Siberian Bugloss)	12-15 in.	Blue
Aquilegia cærulea (Colorado Columbine)	18 in.	Blue and white
Aquilegia chrysantha (Golden Columbine)	24 in.	Yellow
Aquilegia glandulosa (Altai Columbine)	12 in.	Blue and white
Aquilegia, Long-spurred Hybrids	24 in.	Many shades
Dianthus plumarius (Grass Pink)	12-15 in.	Pink, rose, white
DICENTRA EXIMIA (Fringed Bleeding-Heart)	18 in.	Pink
DICENTRA SPECTABILIS (Bleeding-Heart)	24-30 in.	Pink
Doronicum caucasicum (Leopards-Bane)	24 in.	Yellow
Geum montanum (Avens)	12 in.	Orange
Incarvillea Delavayi (Delavay's Incarvillea)	12 in.	Pink, purple
Linum narbonnense (Narbonne Flax)	24 in.	Blue
Mertensia virginica (Virginia Bluebells)	18 in.	Blue
Nepeta Mussini (Catmint)	12 in.	Lavender
Phlox divaricata (Blue Phlox)	12 in.	Lavender
Phlox subulata (Moss Phlox)	4- 6 in.	Pink, blue, white
Platycodon grandiflorum (Balloon-Flower)	24 in.	Blue, white
Polemonium cæruleum (Greek Valerian)	18 in.	Blue
Polemonium reptans (Creeping Polemonium)	8-10 in.	Blue
Primula denticulata cachemiriana (Kashmir Primrose)	12-18 in.	Blue, purple
STATICE ARMERIA (Thrift)	6 in.	Pink
Thalictrum aquilegifolium (Meadow-Rue)	18-36 in.	White, purple
Trollius asiaticus (Globe-Flower)	24 in.	Orange
Trollius Europæus (Globe-Flower)	24 in.	Yellow
Veronica gentianoides (Speedwell)	24 in.	Blue
VIOLA CORNUTA (Tufted Pansy)	6-10 in.	Many shades

BLOOMING IN JUNE	HEIGHT	COLOR
Anchusa Italica (Dropmore Bugloss)	36-60 in.	Deep blue
Anthemis tinctoria (Yellow Camomile)	18 in.	Yellow
ASTILBE DAVIDI (David Astilbe)	60 in.	Pink
Astilbe grandis (Great Astilbe)	60 in.	White
ASTILBE JAPONICA (Japanese Astilbe)	24 in.	Pink, white
Baptisia australis (Wild Indigo)	30-48 in.	Dark blue
Baptisia tinctoria (Yellow Wild Indigo)	30–48 in.	Yellow
Campanula carpatica (Carpathian Bellflower)	8 in.	Blue, white
Campanula persicifolia (Peachleaf Bellflower)	24-36 in.	Blue, white
Campanula rotundifolia (Harebell)	9–12 in.	Violet-blue
CERASTIUM TOMENTOSUM (Snow-in-Summer)	6 in.	White
CHRYSANTHEMUM COCCINEUM (Painted Lady)	24 in.	Many shades
Chrysanthemum maximum (Shasta Daisy)	24 in.	White
Coreopsis grandiflora (Big Coreopsis)	36 in.	Yellow
Delphinium Belladonna (Delphinium)	24 in.	Pale blue
Delphinium Bellamosum	24 in.	Deep blue
Delphinium Hybrids	48–60 in.	Many shades
Dianthus barbatus (Sweet William)	18 in.	Many shades
DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Sweet William) DIANTHUS LATIFOLIUS (Double Cluster Pink)	18 in. 12–18 in.	Crimson
DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS (Grass Pink)	12–18 in. 12–18 in.	Many shades
DIGITALIS AMBIGUA (Yellow Foxglove)		Yellow
Gypsophila paniculata (Babys-Breath)	36 in.	White
Gypsophila repens (Creeping Gypsophila)	30 in.	White
	10 in.	
HELIANTHEMUM CHAMÆCISTUS (Sun-Rose)	6 in.	Yellow, red, orange, pink, white
Hemerocallis aurantiaca (Orange Day-Lily)	36 in.	Orange
Hemerocallis Dumortieri (Early Day-Lily)	18 in.	Orange
Hemerocallis flava (Lemon Day-Lily)	24 in.	Lemon-yellow
Hemerocallis fulva (Tawny Day-Lily)	36 in.	Dull orange
Hemerocallis Middendorffi (Amur Day-Lily)	24 in.	Yellow
Hesperis matronalis (Rocket)	36 in.	Purple-white
LINUM PERENNE (Perennial Flax)	18 in.	Blue
Myosotis alpestris (Alpine Forget-Me-Not)	6 in.	Blue
ENOTHERA MISSOURIENSIS (Ozark Sundrop)	12 in.	Yellow
ENOTHERA SPECIOSA (White Sundrop)	12 in.	White
Pæonia (Peony)	18-36 in.	White, pink, red
Papaver nudicaule (Iceland Poppy)	12 in.	Yellow, white, orange
Papaver orientale (Oriental Poppy)	36 in.	Scarlet, pink
Pentstemon barbatus (Pentstemon)	36 in.	Rose-pink
Phlox suffruticosa, Miss Lingard (Smooth Phlox)	24 in.	White
Platycodon grandiflorum (Balloon-Flower)	24 in.	Blue, white
Polemonium cæruleum (Greek Valerian)	18 in.	Blue
Primula Auricula (Auricula)	12 in.	Many shades
Primula Japonica (Japanese Primrose)	24 in.	Crimson to white
Scabiosa caucasica (Caucasian Scabiosa)	24 in.	Lavender, white
Statice Armeria (Thrift)	6 in.	Pink
THALICTRUM AQUILEGIFOLIUM (Meadow-Rue)	18-36 in.	White, purple
Trollius asiaticus (Globe-Flower)	24 in.	Orange
Trollius Europæus (Globe-Flower)	24 in.	Yellow
Verbascum phæniceum (Purple Mullein)	18- 24 in.	Many shades
Veronica gentianoides (Speedwell)	24 in.	Blue

	HEIGHT	COLOR
Veronica spicata (Spike Speedwell)	12 in.	Purple
VIOLA CORNUTA (Tufted Pansy)	6–10 in.	Many shades
BLOOMING IN JULY		
Anchusa Italica (Dropmore Bugloss)	36-60 in.	Deep blue
Anthemis tinctoria (Yellow Camomile)	18 in.	Yellow
Astilbe David (David Astilbe)	60 in.	Pink
Astilbe grandis (Great Astilbe)	60 in.	White
Baptisia australis (Wild Indigo)	30–48 in.	Dark blue
Baptisia tinctoria (Yellow Wild Indigo)	30-48 in.	Yellow
Campanula carpatica (Carpathian Bellflower)	8 in.	Blue, white
Campanula Glomerata (Danes-blood)	18 in.	Violet
Campanula persicifolia (Peachleaf Bellflower)	24-36 in.	Blue, white
Chrysanthemum maximum (Shasta Daisy)	24 in.	White
CLEMATIS RECTA (Ground Clematis)	48 in.	White
Delphinium Belladonna (Delphinium)	24 in.	Pale blue
Delphinium Bellamosum	24 in.	Deep blue
Delphinium Hybrids	48-60 in.	Many shades
DICENTRA EXIMIA (Fringed Bleeding-Heart)	18 in.	Pink
Digitalis ambigua (Yellow Foxglove)	36 in.	Yellow
Geum Chiloense (Avens)	24 in.	Scarlet
Gypsophila paniculata (Babys-Breath)	30 in.	White
HELIANTHEMUM CHAMÆCISTUS (Sun-Rose)	6 in.	Yellow, orange, pink, red, white
Hemerocallis (Day-Lily)	18-36 in.	Yellow, orange
HEUCHERA SANGUINEA (Coral Bells)	12-18 in.	Crimson
Lavandula vera (Lavender)	12-24 in.	Blue
LINUM PERENNE (Perennial Flax)	18 in.	Blue
Monarda didyma (Bee-Balm)	36 in.	Red
Enothera fruticosa (Sundrop)	18 in.	Yellow
Papaver nudicaule (Iceland Poppy)	12 in.	Yellow, orange, white
Pentstemon Barbatus (Pentstemon)	36 in.	Rose-pink
Phlox paniculata (Garden Phlox)	24 in.	Many shades
Physostegia virginiana (False Dragonhead)	36-48 in.	Pink, white
Platycodon grandiflorum (Balloon-Flower)	24 in.	Blue, white
Polemonium cæruleum (Greek Valerian)	18 in.	Blue
Scabiosa caucasica (Caucasian Scabiosa)	24 in.	Lavender, white
STACHYS LANATA (Woolly Betony)	12 in.	Purple
STATICE ARMERIA (Thrift)	6 in.	Pink
Trollius Chinensis (Globe-Flower)	24 in.	Orange-yellow
VERBASCUM PHŒNICEUM (Purple Mullein)	18-24 in.	Many shades
VERONICA SPICATA (Spike Speedwell)	12 in.	Purple
VIOLA CORNUTA (Tufted Pansy)	6-10 in.	Many shades
BLOOMING IN AUGUST	10.1	D. 1
Anemone hupehensis	12 in.	Pink
CAMPANULA CARPATICA (Carpathian Bellflower)	8 in.	Blue, white
CAMPANULA PYRAMIDALIS (Chimney Bellflower)	48–60 in.	Blue
CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM (Shasta Daisy)	24 in.	White
CLEMATIS RECTA (Ground Clematis)	48 in.	White
DELPHINIUM BELLADONNA (Delphinium)	24 in.	Pale blue
Delphinium Bellamosum	24 in.	Deep blue

Blooming in August, continued	HEIGHT	COLOR
Delphinium Hybrids	48-60 in.	Many shades
DIANTHUS LATIFOLIUS (Double Cluster Pink)	12-18 in.	Crimson
DICENTRA EXIMIA (Fringed Bleeding-Heart)	18 in.	Pink
LINUM PERENNE (Perennial Flax)	18 in.	Blue
Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower)	24-36 in.	Scarlet
Nepeta Mussini (Catmint)	12 in.	Lavender
ENOTHERA MISSOURIENSIS (Ozark Sundrop)	12 in.	Yellow
PHLOX PANICULATA (Garden Phlox)	24 in.	Many shades
PHLOX SUFFRUTICOSA, MISS LINGARD (Smooth Phlox)	24 in.	White
Physostegia virginiana (False Dragonhead)	36-48 in.	Pink, white
Platycodon grandiflorum (Balloon-Flower)	24 in.	Blue, white
Salvia azurea grandiflora (Azure Sage)	48 in.	Light blue
Salvia Pitcheri (Pitcher Sage)	48 in.	Dark blue
Scabiosa caucasica (Cauca ian Scabiosa)	24 in.	Lavender, white
Scabiosa japonica (Japanese Scabiosa)	24 in.	Lavender
Stokesia lævis (Stokesia)	18 in.	Lavender and white
Veronica longifolia subsessilis (Clump Speedwell)	30-36 in.	Violet-blue
BLOOMING IN SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER		
Anemone Japonica (Japanese Anemone)	36 in.	Pink, white
Aster cordifolius (Blue Wood Aster)	48 in.	Lavender
Aster Novæ-Angliæ (New England Aster)	48-60 in.	Purple
Aster novi-belgi (New York Aster)	24-60 in.	Many shades
Campanula carpatica (Carpathian Bellflower)	8 in.	Blue, white
Chrysanthemum (Hardy)	24-36 in.	Many shades
Delphinium Belladonna (Delphinium)	24 in.	Pale blue
Delphinium Bellamosum	24 in.	Deep blue
Delphinium Hybrids	48–60 in.	Many shades
DIANTHUS LATIFOLIUS (Double Cluster Pink)	12-18 in.	Crimson
DICENTRA EXIMIA (Fringed Bleeding-Heart)	18 in.	Pink
Eupatorium cœlestinum (Mist-Flower)	24 in.	Blue
Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower)	24-36 in.	Scarlet
Lobelia siphilitica (Blue Lobelia)	24-30 in.	Blue
Physostegia virginiana (False Dragonhead)	36-48 in.	Pink, white
Platycodon grandiflorum (Balloon-Flower)	24 in.	Blue, white
Salvia Greggi (Autumn Sage)	48 in.	Red
Salvia nemorosa (Violet Sage)	48 in.	Purple
Salvia patens (Gentian Sage)	48 in.	Dark blue
Scabiosa caucasica (Caucasian Scabiosa)	24 in.	Lavender, white
Scabiosa Japonica (Japanese Scabiosa)	24 in.	Lavender
Viola cornuta (Tufted Pansy)	6-10 in.	Many shades



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